...avern till after daylight, ...family were dreadfully ...e Squire and poor Trus... with the belief that the ...en swallowed up in the ...er, the waiter, was des...ceed to Frinsbury to ...s arrival at Boghurst ...de acquainted with the ...nd him up, was the ...er entered the Squire's ...tale of the fall of the ...apprehensions of Heath ...friend, the waiter in... ...to give weight to his ...was far gone in liquor ...horse. "Well, Pater," ...respects to the good fam... ...ough I was drunk, my ...as you see, he deliver...

...—As Mr. A. Met... ...ther, in Ravenstone... ...with a gun, he observ... ...aim, and, while prepar... ...eld-fare flew in terror ...n perched on his shoul... ...with the first barrel, ...still,) but missed: the ...disregarded his shot; ...brought the bird down. ...ulder, and fluttered for ...en and dead enemy, ut... ...then winged away from ...protector.—*Westmore...*

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TO PRINTERS & PUBLISHERS.

THE subscriber, TYPE AND STEREOTYPE FOUNDER, respectfully informs the TRADE, that he is stereotyping the following valuable works, specimen pages of which will shortly be forwarded to them, with the prices of the stereotype plates affixed to each, and also the price of the copy-right of the Treasury of Knowledge.

The Treasury of Knowledge and Library of Reference, (on the plan of Maunder's Treasury of Knowledge,) containing—

A Comprehensive English Grammer, prepared for this work by Goold Brown, author of institutes of English Grammar, &c.

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To Printers and Publishers.

THE subscriber's expectations having been more than realized in the sale of his LIGHT FACE PRINTING TYPE, he takes this opportunity of returning thanks for the favors received. He hopes, by the exertions made and now making to bring out new articles, which may be depended upon for service, as well as in Stereotyping as Printing, that his Typographical Brethren, and Publishers, will find it beneficial to themselves to continue their patronage.

A new and complete series of Alphabets, from Agate to English, NEW STYLE ... rather stouter than any heretofore ... country,) are now in a state of forwardness. Agate, Minion, Brevier, and Long Primer, are complete, impressions of which can be seen on application; this style of type is more particularly calculated for Newspaper Printing.

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KNOWN as the ever and always lucky, would remind his friends and the public at large, that he is regularly licensed by the several states in which he has offices, to vend authorized lottery tickets, all of which are the original—those persons purchasing of him, will be protected from fraud or imposition.

The general satisfaction *Sylvester* has hitherto given, and the liberal patronage he has received from all parts of the Union will but stimulate him in his exertions to meet the wishes of his friends, and in attention, punctuality, dispatch, and the strictest honor, will insure him the continuance of their favors, he feels confident of obliging them and he proudly refers to the past as a guarantee for the future. All those who are not already acquainted with Sylvester can refer to the very first houses in every section of the country, also to the respectable managers, Messrs Yates & McIntyre.

In another advertisement it will be seen that S. J. S. attends as usual to the exchange and commission business; letters will meet with the same attention as on personal application. Those who remit funds, without naming any particular class, will have tickets in the first good scheme.

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N. B. To save postage, those that request a certificate of the tickets will be sent and the same will be lodged in the Bank subject to the order of the purchaser. This mode of late has met with much success.

TO PRINTERS.

A. PELL & BROTHER,
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HAVE removed their Type and Stereotype Foundry to No. 26 Gold street, corner of John street, New-York, and having greatly enlarged their premises, are prepared to execute orders with great despatch. All articles required by Printers furnished to order at the manufacturer's prices. Chases, Composing Sticks, Cases, &c. constantly on hand.

They have complete series of Fonts, from Pica to Diamond, of a light face and beautiful cut, which they offer with great confidence, as being very superior articles. The following are their prices (uniform with other Foundries) at 6 months credit or 7 1-2 per cent discount for cash:

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Medium or Royal, $230, Super Royal, $240, Imperial, $250, do No. 2, $260, No. 3, $275.

New-York, Jan. 20th, 1832.

DENTIST

Dr. S. BAKER & SONS,

SURGEON DENTISTS, 177 Broadway, a few doors from Courtlandt St. New-York, respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen, that he continues to practice in all the various branches of his profession from the setting of a single tooth to a full set of the best kind of teeth of every description. He also cleans, divides and fills hollow teeth and extracts in the best and most careful manner. All teeth shall be set with the greatest care and ease to the patient, and his charges shall be moderate. He also makes and has on hand the best of Tooth Powder at a reasonable price; and if it do not suit, after a person has tried it once with warm water at night, they are at liberty to return it, and receive their money. For a dentist to advise people respecting their teeth is very difficult; for many directly think that he advises for his own good, and not for the good of their teeth; and in this way, and by neglect of parents, thousands of young people's teeth begin to rot before they know it.

We shall be happy to wait upon those ladies and gentlemen who desire our attendance at their respective dwellings.

New York, February 4, 1832.

Notice to Printers.

TIME and extensive use having tested and established the superiority of my Machine Cast Type, over that cast by hand, I beg leave to call your attention to the following remarks.—

By the aid of a forcing pump, applied at the instant of forming the letter, the metal is compressed and rendered much more compact at the *letter end* of the type than when cast by hand. The air in the mould, by this process, is driven from the letter to the foot end of the type, and finding no way of escape, the mouth being closed, it there occupies a portion of the space in the mould, which otherwise would (as in hand casting) be filled with metal; thereby forming cavities within the stems, by which the weight of the type is diminished 10 to 12 per cent. below that cast by hand, yet leaving the shank of the type abundantly strong. My recent improvement in the composition of type metal, with the advantages before named, gives a durability to type cast by this process, not attainable by the ordinary mode of casting. To my former extensive variety, has recently been added a series of much admired *Light Face'd Type.*

Your orders are respectfully solicited, by
Your obedient servant. E. WHITE,
m 21. No. 108 Pearl Street.

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Dr. I. Francis,

SURGEON DENTIST, 93 Chatham street, between Duane and Pearl streets, New-York, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen, that he continues to practice in all the various branches of his profession, from the setting of a single tooth to a full set. He cleans, divides, and fills hollow teeth in the neatest manner; and warrants his *Antiodontalgic Wash*, as completely efficacious in curing the diseases of the gums, fastening loose teeth, preserving those that are carious from further decay; and is a certain cure for the tooth ache. His *Teri Metallic Incorruptible Teeth* are a real imitation of nature; and having passed the ordeal of fire in making them, they do not absorb the salva so as to become offensive either to the taste or smell; no particle of food can adhere to them, so the breath remains sweet. The incorruptible teeth retain color, solidity, durability, polish, strength and beauty not surpassed by any. He also sets *Artificial Human Eyes* which cannot be distinguished from real, and will perform every motion of the eye, without giving the slightest pain. Those wishing to honor him with their commands, will find his charges moderate. The poor attended to every morning, from 7 to 8 o'clock, gratis. dec 24 1

TEMPERANCE HOUSE OF REFRESHMENTS, AND READING ROOM.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks for the encouragement he has met with, since his commencement. He now informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken and neatly fitted up the whole of the basement story in the FRANKLIN BUILDINGS, *corner of Ann and Nassau streets*, in a manner which enables him to accommodate any number, and hopes by his endeavors to give satisfaction to merit a continuance of their patronage. Refreshments of all kinds excepting inebriating liquors from sun-rise to 10 o'clock in the evening.

H. PATTINSON.

N. B. Most of the city papers are received and kept on file. m. 10, 1831

BRUCE'S
NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY,

ESTABLISHED in 1813.—The subscriber has completed a new edition of his book of Specimens, with which his customers and other printers disposed to buy from him, may be supplied on application at his Foundry, Nos. 18 and 20 Augustus street, behind the City Hall. He would remark, for the information of those who have not been in the habit of dealing with him, and because a different practice has been extensively introduced, that his book contains nothing but the actual productions of his own Foundry, and presents a true specimen of what will be furnished to orders. The assortment is very complete, has been deliberately and carefully in twenty years brought to its present high state of perfection, and embraces a variety of styles adapted to different tastes and to the various departments of printing, Newspaper, Book, and Job, highly finished, and cast of the most serviceable metal. Not to notice the varieties which are distinguished by their numbers in the Book, it contains of ROMAN and ITALICK, 27 sizes from 12 line Pica to Pearl.

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Besides Musick, Back Slope, Ornamental Letters and Lottery Figures, Pica Fractions, Superiours, Astronomical and other Signs, Space Rules, Brass Rules, Ornamental Dashes, Long Braces, more than 200 kinds of Flowers, and 1000 Cuts and Ornaments for School Books, Newspapers, and Scientifick works.

Orders for any of these, and also for Presses, Chases, Composing Sticks, Cases, Furniture, Printing Ink, or any thing required in the Printing business, will be executed on the most favourable terms, and with the utmost promptitude, a large stock of the Foundry articles being always on hand.

GEORGE BRUCE.
New-York, Jan 28, 1832.

THE SPIRIT OF THE TIMES AND LIFE IN NEW-YORK, IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
BY WILLIAM T. PORTER & CO.,
CHATHAM-SQUARE,
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SPIRIT OF THE TIMES AND LIFE IN NEW-YORK

A Sporting Paper; devoted to the Turf, the Ring, the Angler, the Hunter—News, Literature, Fashion, Taste, the Drama, and the Scenes of Real Life.

BY WILLIAM T. PORTER & CO.
OFFICE, CHATHAM-SQUARE, CORNER OF MOTT-STREET. | NEW-YORK; SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1832. | FIRST VOLUME, NUMBER 19.
THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

NEW-YORK.

Saturday Morning, April 21, 1832.

GAME LAWS OF NEW-YORK.

OF THE PRESERVATION OF DEER AND CERTAIN GAME AND ANIMALS. 1. No person shall kill any wild buck, doe, or fawn at any time during the months of January, February, March, April, May, June, or July.

2. Every person who shall expose to sale any green deer skin, or fresh venison, or who shall have the same in his custody, at any time during the months aforesaid, shall be deemed to have violated the first section of this title, unless he prove that the buck, doe, or fawn, of which such green skin or venison was a part, was killed by some other person.

3. Whenever any complaint shall be made to a justice of the peace, that a violation of the first section of this title has been committed, and that any green deer skin, or deer's flesh is concealed, he shall inquire into the matter, and if satisfied by competent testimony that there is reasonable cause of suspicion to justify such complaint, he shall issue his warrant to any constable of the town, authorizing a search in the day time, of any house, store, out-house, or other place, where such skin, or flesh is suspected to be concealed, and search shall be made accordingly.

4. Whoever shall violate the first section of this title, or shall conceal any green deer skin, or fresh venison, shall forfeit $12 50.

5. No person shall at any time hunt, pursue, or destroy any wild buck, doe, or fawn, with any bloodhound or beagle; and whoever shall offend herein, shall forfeit $12 50.

6. No person shall set any trap, or any spear made of iron, or other metal, or any sharp stick either in or out of a pit, for the purpose of catching deer, nor shall any person watch in the night time for the shooting deer, within thirty rods of any highway. Whoever offends against either of these provisions, shall forfeit twenty-five dollars.

6. No person shall kill any heath hens, within the county of Queens, between the first day of January, and the first Wednesday in October; nor in the county of Suffolk between the first day of January and the second Wednesday in September; nor shall any person kill any quail, or partridges, in the counties of Queens, Kings, Suffolk, and New-York, between the fifth day of January and the twenty fifth day of September, nor in the county of Albany, between the first day of March and first day of October; nor shall any person kill any woodcock, in any of the counties above named, between the first day of February and the first day of July; nor shall any person kill any Pheasants in the county of Albany between the 1st day of March and the 1st day of October.

8. Whoever shall offend against the provisions of the last section, by killing any heath hen, shall forfeit twenty five dollars; by killing any partridge, one dollar; and by killing any quail, woodcock, or pheasant, fifty cents.

9. Any person who shall expose to sale any heath hen, woodcock, quail, partridge, or pheasant in either of the said counties respectively, or shall have any of the said game in his possession in either of the said counties, during the time when the killing of such game is forbidden by law, shall be deemed guilty of killing the same game, with in the time prohibited.

10. No person shall kill any muskrat at any other place than along the line of some canal, or artificial dam, or embankment, between the first day of May and the first day of November, in any year; whoever offends against this provision shall forfeit one dollar for every muskrat killed.

11. The penalties prescribed in this title, shall be sued for, and recovered by and in the name of the overseers of the town where the offence was committed, in an action within three months after the commission of the offence, and shall be applied for the use of the poor.—*Revised Statutes*, p. 701.

The following, from a late London Courier, is a specimen of the matrimonial advertisements seriously intended, which are common in London newspapers:—

MATRIMONY.—A gentleman whose rank and unblemished character permits him to address any lady desirous of an affectionate husband, and who will make it his constant study to render her completely happy, is desirous of *marriage*. His own fortune is ample to maintain his style of life in the circles he moves in, yet he is anxious to meet with a lady of highly cultivated mind, sincerity, and good humor, who also has fortune and connexions to add to his own influence and ability to elevate a prospective family. He will introduce his beloved wife into the higher circles of polished society. The fair sex will pardon this public mode of introduction, for which the thinking part are fully aware very sufficient reasons can be assigned. As he is sincere he trusts no imposition will be attempted. Communications are sure to come to hand, directed, in the first instance, to R. S. T. U., post office, London. Honor and secrecy are requested and pledged. The particular attention of the fair sex are requested, this being no common application. Letters to be post paid, if practicable.

THE SPARROW PROTECTED.—M. Hecart, of Valenciennes, procured the kitten of a wild cat which he so effectually tamed, that she became the friend and protector of a domesticated sparrow. M. Hecart always allowed the sparrow to fly about at perfect liberty. One day a cat belonging to a neighboring house, had seized upon the sparrow, and was making off with it; but this wild cat, observing her at the very moment, flew at puss, and made her quit the bird, which she brought bleeding and half dead to her master. She seemed, from her manner, really to sympathise very sincerely with the situation of the poor sparrow, and rejoiced when it recovered from the injury, and was again able to amuse itself with this wild grimalkin.

LIONS OF MYSORE.—The Liverpool Chronicle contains the following advertisement of the Play on the evening of the 18th [illegible]. We have copied it thinking it might amuse some of our laughter loving friends, and as a specimen of [illegible]

HYDER THE TERRIBLE; Or the Storming of [illegible] of Mysore.—Mr H. Beverly, ever anxious to gratify the Public, has produced the above [illegible] at an immense expense, in order to exhibit the Evolutions of those [illegible] Animals of the Forest, [illegible] Friends that he has prevailed on the [illegible] Gentlemen of the Establishment to [illegible]

The Dresses will be the best the house can produce—chiefly made of cotton and manufactured at Manchester.

The Scenery—painted by numerous Artists—but as some have been number of years in the House, it would be impossible to find out the names of the Artist.

The Music will be selected from the most Terrific Melo-Dramas.

An astonishing number of Supernumeraries are engaged, and that nothing may be wanting to add to the Procession, an IMMENSE WHITE [illegible] has been engaged, and will be richly comparisoned with all the Pride, Pomp, and Circumstance of Glorious War.

CHARACTERS IN THE PIECE.

Hyder (the Terrible) Mr Cane. Sulliman, Mr Rae. William Fiddle, Mr Reynolds.

BEASTS.

The Lion, Mr H Beverly; in which he will introduce a Parody on the Wolf. The Lama, Mr Hamilton—the Monkey, Mr Grimaldi—the Tiger, Mrs Harding—the Boa Constrictor, Mr England. *The rest of the Beasts by the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Establishment.*

TOM BLANCHARD IN HAMLET.—This celebrated comedian, being once engaged with a strolling company, for the benefit of one of whose members, on a particular night, he had consented with great good humor to perform Guildenstern with the Gravedigger. In the scene where Hamlet calls for the Recorders, Blanchard who could not long refrain from some sort of drollery, instead of the flute, came forward furnished with a bassoon. The actor who played Hamlet, exceedingly discomposed at this sight, was some time before he could arrange his muscles with sufficient gravity. At length, recovering himself he thus went on with the scene.

"Will you play upon this pipe?"
"My lord, I cannot."
"I pray you!"
"Believe me, I cannot."
"I do beseech you!"

"Well, my lord, since you are so very pressing, I'll do my best"—and [illegible] Tom who was a good musician [illegible] *Lady Coventry's Minuet*, and went through the whole strain, with which he finished the scene; for Hamlet had not another word to say for himself.

[illegible]—The acting Governor of Michigan [illegible] the peace for cow hiding an Editor.

EXTRACTS FROM A MODERN DICTIONARY. *Confidential letters*—Letters intended for publication.

Modern literature—Fragments of the feasts of the old writers served up in new dishes.

Constable—A species of snapping turtle.

Modesty—A beautiful flower that flourishes only in secret places.

A young man of talent—An impertinent scoundrel who thrusts himself forward; a person without modesty, a noisy fellow.

Lawyer—A learned gentleman who rescues your estate from your enemy and keeps it himself.

My dear—An expression used by man and wife at the commencement of a quarrel.

Watchman—A man employed by the corporation to sleep in the open air.

Dentist—A person who finds work for his own teeth by taking out those of other people.

A militia officer perambulating his district to take a list of such of the inhabitants as were liable to be enrolled, saw an old *cook maker* at work, and thus addressed him: "Pray, honest friend, how old are you?" "Not old enough (answered he) to be chosen a militia man. I'm a mere infant—don't you observe I am cutting my teeth?"

ELECTION ANECDOTE.—At an election some years since, a wealthy shipowner, in a flourishing seaport town in Massachusetts, accosted a respectable mechanic, and asked him to which candidate he should give his vote? The man replied, "I shall vote for Elbridge Gerry." "Then," said the other, "I'll be d——d if you shall have any more work from me." The mechanic being of an independent spirit, in easy circumstances and not caring to barter his principles for a job, coolly enquired of the shipowner, to whom he should give *his* vote? "To his Excellency Christopher Gore," was the reply. "Then," said the mechanic, "I'll be d——d if I do any more work for you."

Hugo Arnot, sitting at his window in a violent fit of asthma, heard a man in a stentorian voice crying oysters. "Alas," said he, "that extravagant fellow wastes more breath in one bawl, than would serve me a week."

Hugo's complaint must have been genuine, or else he loved oysters, but could not raise the rene pence.—*Transcript.*

The young ladies of the village of North Adams, in Mass. have formed themselves into a temperance society, agreeing to [illegible]

Garrick once asked Rich, the manager of the theatre, how much he thought Covent Garden would hold. "I could tell you to a shilling," replied the manager, "if you would play Richard in it."

"Your sword is very troublesome," said a man very mildly to a young Irish officer in a crowd. "All my enemies are of the same opinion," replied the son of Mars.

A Scotchman giving evidence at the bar of the House of Lords in the affair of Captain Porteous, and telling of the variety of shots which were fired upon that unhappy occasion, was asked by the Duke of Newcastle, what kind of shot it was? "Why," said the man in his broad dialect, "such as they shoot *fools* (fowls) with." "And ye ithe—What kind of fools?" said the duke, smiling at the word. "Why, my lord, *dukes*, (ducks) and sic kin o' fouls."

Dean Swift says, "It is with narrow souled people as it is with narrow necked bottles. The less they have in them, the more noise they make in pouring it out."

STORY OF A SHARK.

I know a story of a shark—a fearful, bloody story, and one that haunts my memory, night and day—dreaming or waking. When I was at Campeachy in the spring of 182-, I formed a sort of partnership with a pearl-fisher, who had served [illegible] the expedition to New Orleans [illegible] and things that I never heard of before; and I used to like his wet and all right, and drink and [illegible] when he went over his campaigns, and his [illegible]. He was a sorry fellow, and I knew how to take him, and I liked his gore, and a [illegible] his company, [illegible] ship, and I [illegible] our shares till [illegible] so that I was entitled to sing my [illegible] as long as he would let me. One night I was drunk—perhaps he had [illegible]—but it [illegible] was past the [illegible]. It was very dark and squally, and we were sitting alone in the hut, over the sleepy front of a mangrove face. After looking at me some time with a serious and steadfast eye, Jose says—"Amigo, I will put my life in your hands. I have need of a friend to advise with, and I think you will not betray me. You have heard, for rumor is loud, that the cathedral of Nuestra Senora was plundered about two years ago, and that two black men who were implicated in the sacrilege, suffered publicly on the wheel. There was another man who evaded detection. They died like men of honor, with the secret on their hearts, and yet he lives unknown and unsuspected. *Yo Soy el hombre.* Hush! the gold and silver vessels tempted my eye—and I never knelt at the altar without wishing to tear them down. The devil was strong, and I did it. Madre de Dios!—such commotion as it made in the town—the people seemed to have made a vow to talk of nothing else, and the Padres yelled as if it had been doomsday. The poor blacks yelled too, but my name was never mingled with their confession—my punishment is far off. The golden cups and candlesticks are buried under ten fathoms of water, among the rocks of an old fishing station. I know the place well. Assist me in raising them to-night, and I will share them with you, and we will both take the first chance of going to Honduras."

I consented at once—for the devil is ever ready to take advantage of a man's necessities; and we went down to the beach immediately, where Jose unfastened his dorey and we put off for the fishing station. The sea ran high and we had much to do to manage our slight craft. Jose's experienced eye was not long in discovering the depository of his treasure though the night was so dark, and the drift was so strong, that we could scarcely see beyond the bows, excepting when a streak of lightning flashed through the clouds, and showed the heavy black waves mounting round about us. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]—It was a headless trunk!—The jaws of the shark had cut asunder man's bis [illegible] The punishment of the sacrilegious and guilty Jose had only been protracted—not repealed.

HARD RUNNING.

[illegible]

A [illegible] publisher informs his subscribers that those who pay their bills may have them receipted.

The following affecting affair happened at [illegible] in 1787.

A boy of eight years old, son of Mr. Leach, was sent to a pasture, towards the close of the day, to put on a horse and bring home the cows. His father being in a neighboring field heard a cry of distress, and running to the fence, saw his child lying on the ground, and a bear standing by him. He seized a stake, and crept along with a view to get between the bear and the child. The bear took the child by the throat, and drew him into the bushes. The father pursued till he came up, and aiming a stroke at the bear, the stake broke in his hand, and the bear, leaving his prey, turned upon his parent, who, in the anguish of his soul, was obliged to retreat, and call for help. [illegible]

[illegible]

YANKEE [illegible]—Some time [illegible] of the Mississippi tell quite such [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]—N. B. G.

THE PORTER

A [illegible] ON THE BLUE MOUNTAIN.

[illegible]

A VARIETY OF GAME IN NEW-JERSEY.

[illegible]

WOODCOCK.—It is well known to most of the sportsmen in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, that Woodcock abound throughout every part of this state. [illegible] ...town. It is the favorite place of resort for sportsmen when in search of Woodcock in preference to any other ground, as their success is generally twofold more here than in other places. On the low lands west of New York, and those meadows in the interior of the state, known generally by the name of "Atsion Meadows," as well as those extensive low lands which bound the Delaware, commencing a few miles below Philadelphia, and running south for twenty or thirty miles, are places in which multitudes of these birds are destroyed during the regular season for sporting. I have heard of a party of two or three gentlemen, on one spot in the former place having killed, in one day, upwards of eighty Woodcock; and lately, I was informed by a gentleman, who formed one of a party on a fourth of July excursion, that on a very small spot of a few acres, in Salem county, as many as one hundred and fifty had been killed during that day, and numbers more on the same spot the day succeeding.

THE QUAIL OR PARTRIDGE.—This state appears to be the settled home for this most interesting of all birds. Of the great variety of birds which every where abound throughout New Jersey, none appears so much attached to its soil as this innocent bird. Other birds, as the seasons change depart for distant climes; but the Partridge is ever to be found in this region; and when not persecuted by sportsmen, it becomes so accustomed to the sight of men, as to make it half domesticated. Whatever scarcity prevails in other districts, this well known bird may always be found here. Perched on a stump or on the fence, beneath the shade of an apple tree, at the close of a sultry summer's day, the male bird sends forth those clear, expressive and familiar words, *Bob White*, which awaken so many pleasing recollections of the past, and enhance the perceptions of the future, that it is ever a welcome visitor. These notes, too, proclaim that "Seed time and harvest have come," for they are only during those months. The many uncultivated parts, the extensive tracts of bush land, and the numerous swamps, all afford so much protection to the Partridge from the many enemies which beset them on every side.

THE RUFFED GROUSE, OR PHEASANT.—Among the pines and laurel hills, may be found sometimes, in numbers, the Pheasant. How often in our solitary rambles through the wood, when the mind is intensely fixed on other objects, is the passenger startled with a loud, whirring noise, like distant thunder, which makes his flesh fairly creep. It is this shy and most difficult of all birds to shoot, fleeing the face of man as its great adversary. I have, in September and October, seen these birds in flocks of from six to sixteen. I well recollect, in the fall of 1824, starting, one after another, fourteen Pheasants from a large grape vine, which grew immediately opposite Philadelphia, on the edge of a thicket, well known to the sportsmen of the neighborhood by the name of Kaven's Swamp; but I have seen them in greater abundance on the hilly parts of East Jersey [illegible]. They are difficult birds to kill, not only from the exceeding swiftness of their flight, but by their seeking the most dense and difficult thickets, and then well knowing the art of running, [illegible] off in an opposite direction from the sportsman.

PINNATED GROUSE.—The barrens of Gloucester and other counties in this state, have been the most celebrated grounds east of the Alleghanies for this choice and wild game. In former years they were in great abundance on these barren grounds, which were then visited by old and staid sportsmen, who regarded the laws of hunting as well for example as from principle, and multitudes fell beneath the unerring aim of these gentlemen, who themselves are now numbered with the dead. But lately, through great persecution, by those who have no claims to the principles which constitute sportsmen, and who visit these grounds months before the season for shooting commences by law, and while the birds are in an unfledged state, the Grouse are driven from this favorite abode, to seek shelter in other and more retired spots among the mountains.

Year after year has this unhallowed persecution of the Grouse been carried on until the species has been almost exterminated from the state. Of what satisfaction can it be to a man who bears the character of a sportsman, to destroy in numbers a bird so young as to be useless for the table, and possessing so little energy and power to fly, that an ordinary tutsile would answer the purpose to kill them as well as the gun; and that, too, so early in the season, that the heat creates putrefaction, and renders them unfit to bring home, and our *so styled* sportsmen have no other evidence of their success than the boast—which usually is so strong a feature in the characters of such persons! Is it not more praise worthy to bring down, in sportsmanlike manner, one full grown bird, powerful on the wing, in October, than a score of young, squeaking birds, unable even to top the scrub oaks, for a mass of feathers and strength to support them?

RABBITS.—Of the abundance of these animals, every one seems aware; and although they do not rank in our catalogue as game, yet numbers find their way to the different markets, and by [illegible] are eagerly sought as a luxury. But to a [illegible] gunner they afford much [illegible], and in the absence of other sports [illegible] the sportsman may divert his leisure [illegible] and find recreation frequently in hunting Rabbits. [illegible]

FOXES.—Of the variety of hunting in New-Jersey, it appears to be done after Foxes than [illegible] other animals, although in great abundance in every part of the state. In East Jersey they are yet hunted in fashionable [illegible] of fashion; but in the western part of the state [illegible] to be relinquished [illegible] the country being generally covered with thickets [illegible] towards the bold shores of the sea [illegible] a Fox hunt with horses, dogs, guns [illegible] altogether in a most unsportsmanlike way [illegible] The gunners, however, at Cape May, appear to have a mode adapted peculiarly to their neighborhood, of hunting Sly Reynard, which is chiefly on small islands, situated on the sea side, and separated considerably from the main land. On some of these islands, the Foxes are in great abundance, for there they resort for the variety of food which may at all times be found along the margin of the sea, such as crabs, muscles, clams, gulls eggs, young birds, &c. and, as the covering consists of high grass, weeds and a species of bush common to these islands, and being altogether uninhabited, the Foxes propagate in numbers large, and at particular seasons afford fine sport to the inhabitants along the sea shore. The thickest cover grows on a ridge in the centre of these islands, from which to the water's edge, and where the tide ebbs and flows, forms a clear space. Consequently, when a party is made up to hunt the Foxes, one or two drive the centre with dogs while others of the party are stationed with guns at distances from each other to the end of the island, and shoot accordingly as the Foxes pass them. And here the manners and cunning of the animal are often fully displayed, for frequently, when pursued by the hounds, which go by scent altogether, the Foxes, to avoid them, will run into the surf, and by keeping near the edge of the water, as the breakers roll over the sand, all the scent is effaced by the water, and the hounds are disconcerted. But few, however, with all their artfulness, escape, as the stationed gunners are ready at every point to receive them, and in this way many are killed.

DEER.—Nothing is more common in the western part of New-Jersey than deer hunting in the months of October, November and December, and it is scarcely credible, that in a country so thickly populated as is this state, and so adjacent to the city of Philadelphia, that such herds of these animals may be found; multitudes are killed every fall in the counties of Monmouth, Burlington, Cumberland and Cape May. I have been on hunting excursions, when ten or twelve deer have been started in a single drive.

The manner of hunting these animals is by still shooting, or at stands. All the persons who compose the party, (except one or two, who act as drivers,) depart for distant places designated as the stands for each hunter, and here they remain until what is termed, "the drive is out."—These stands, generally, are on knolls of land in the wood, or in roads, and deer paths, which continually intersect the region where these hunts take place, and are generally selected by experienced hunters as places where the deer have repeatedly crossed during the night season. After a sufficient time is allowed for the individuals of the party to reach their respective stands, the drivers, with their hounds, commence a few miles distant, and drive directly towards some of the stands; and in this way it occurs, that as many as five or six deer are put in motion, which being pursued by the hounds, take different directions, and in running off very frequently pass the hunters at their stands and often fall victims to these artifices of their enemies. The gun employed generally is the double barrelled gun, charged with from twelve to twenty buck-shot.

BEARS.—It not unfrequently happens, that Bears are killed in the lower part of this state; indeed, every season furnishes some sport of this kind to the inhabitants of the lower counties.—Latterly, they have increased in such numbers in particular neighborhoods, as to become pests to the farmers, and as beach and chesnuts are rare in that part of New Jersey, other articles of food must necessarily supply the deficiency of this *mast* for the Bears; consequently they make frequent inroads on the corn fields, hog styes, and sheep folds, and during the past fall, numbers are suspected to be residents of Cape May county, where many hogs and sheep have already been killed by them. And but a few days since, I was informed by a gentleman, who was returning from Cape May to Philadelphia, that while crossing a large swamp a few miles from Tuckahoe, he saw two full grown Bears in the public highway.

This part of New-Jersey affords fine shelter for Bears; the interminable pines, extensive cedar swamps, and other numerous thickets, are well adapted to shelter them from successful pursuit, and protect them in their torpid state, during the inclemencies of the winter. Now and then, however, some of these animals, possessing more temerity than their fellows, wander too far from their seclusion, and approach so near the settlements, that they are shot. A few years since a colored man, who resided in Cape May county, shouldered his musket, and accompanied by his hounds, entered a large pine swamp in search of deer. He had not proceeded far, before his dogs gave tongue, as he supposed, on the track of a deer, and after following the sounds for some distance he came up to his dogs, which appeared to have something at bay. Approaching nearer he discovered, sitting very unconcernedly, midway up a fallen pine tree, (which had lodged against another tree,) a large black Bear. After eying Bruin for some time, and hesitating whether to shoot it or not, or perhaps afraid to make an attack single-handed, our adventurer concluded it the safer part to return home for more assistance which he accordingly did; but on coming back with reinforcement, he met the dogs, and found that the Bear had made off, and thereby lost a chance of successfully signalizing himself, as his musket was heavily loaded with buck-shot. Not so with old Mr. Finch and his son John. These celebrated hunters, so well known to the inhabitants of West Jersey, had been scouring some large swamps for deer, when the son entered a dense thicket, with the hope of arousing and shooting a deer; but the first animal he encountered was a bear, which he immediately shot, and to his surprise, up sprung a second; this he attacked with his musket, but before he could despatch it, a third came to its assistance, which proved to be the mother of both of the former. Here our hunter was in a "straight betwixt two"—but nothing daunted, he belabored both so manfully with his musket, and calling at the same time to his father, that he succeeded in repelling their attacks, until the old man came up, who shot the mother, and they jointly despatched the third.

WATER FOWL.—For the multitudes of Water Fowl, it is only necessary at this season of the year, and notice some, to visit the sea-side of New-Jersey, from Cape May to the highlands of Neversink. Here the shores team with millions, [illegible] almost every variety of Water Birds, of which our coast affords, such as Snipes, [illegible] Ducks [illegible] Swans, and sometimes [illegible] and [illegible] the Heron kind. Hither resort [illegible] gunners, during the season of shooting, who press to the noted points, where, which, [illegible] these Water Fowl pass in their migratory movements, and the success attending such excursions, is almost incredible. The inland fresh water ponds, too, of Cape May, are visited by numerous flocks of the Black Duck, at which places gunners lay in ambush, and on the approach of the Sea Fowl to feed in the ponds, open a most destructive fire among the flocks, whereby hundreds are killed. The most noted points for shooting Ducks appear to be Squan, Manahawkin, Somers' Point, and the neighborhood of Cape May Court-House, as well as ports adjacent to these.

Thus, when we survey a district so replete with animals which invite from neighboring cities and states multitudes of sportsmen, we cannot help admiring the wisdom of the Legislature of New-Jersey, in enacting such laws, as will not only protect their own rights from aggression, but the innocent objects of their charge from undue destruction.

I believe, however, that New-Jersey is the only state in the Union, wherein the law affects the whole state. Other states have enacted laws, only to suit particular counties within their borders, upon the request of the inhabitants, for the protection of the game of their neighborhood.—These laws are obnoxious to unprincipled gunners, for the man who hunts for recreation, and is satisfied with a moderate quantity of game, is ever pleased with wholesome laws; and such can mostly find a welcome among the farmers of the hospitable state of New Jersey at all times, when the objects of his sport are not wantonly destroyed, and his privileges abused by ungentlemanly conduct.—*American Rural Sports.*

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival at this port, on Tuesday evening of the packet ship Sheffield, Capt. Hackstaff, we have received Liverpool papers to the 8th, (whence she sailed) and London dates to the 7th.

The Reform Bill is still pending in the House of Commons, and that the Ministers have sufficient strength to carry it through that body, notwithstanding the unrelenting hostility shown to the measure by the Tory members, there can be no doubt. The House of Peers is, however, the great stumbling block, and we think it pretty evident from the tone of the liberal papers, that the majority of the Peers are still determined to vote against it. Equally apparent is it, that Earl Grey is adverse to taking the only step that can remove the difficulty—the creation of a number of new Peers.

The Duke of Cumberland, with about twenty other Peers, it is said, threatened that in case an addition was made to the Peers, in order to carry the reform Bill, they would secede from the House.

Cases of Cholera in England are becoming more numerous. The Journals, however, continue to doubt its existence, and assert with much plausibility that many of the cases reported as Cholera, are not that disorder in reality; on the other hand, it cannot be supposed that the government would unnecessarily magnify an evil attended with such serious consequences to the welfare of the country.

The troops sent from France have actually landed in Italy, and there is a good deal of speculation afloat as to the consequences; sanguinary edicts of a most sanguinary nature have been issued by the officers of the Pope against those concerned in the late insurrection movements.

Belgian affairs are still unsettled. It is positively denied that the interference of Russia is of a nature to encourage the King of Holland to withhold his assent to the twenty four articles of the London Conference.

In France all is tranquil, notwithstanding it is said, that numerous arrests continue to take place of persons implicated in the late conspiracy. The Chamber of Peers have again refused their assent to the abrogation of the law authorising the solemnization of the anniversary of the 21st January. *Cour. [illegible]*

THIRTEEN DAYS LATER.

By the arrival of the packet ship Hudson, Capt. Morgan, on Thursday morning, London dates to the 20th March have been received.

The political state of Europe is becoming every day more unsettled.

The cholera continues its ravages in London. The number of new cases from the 8th to the 19th, eleven days, was 503, and of deaths, 266. Whole number of cases 914; deaths, 500. Consequently more than half the cases have proved fatal.

The number of cases of Cholera that have occurred in England, are 6168—deaths 2025.

The Reform Bill has not yet passed the House of Commons. It was expected to be got through on the following evening.

Advices from Brussels reached London on Saturday, and strong hopes are entertained of the satisfactory issue of Count Orloff's mediation, without any modification of the 24 articles, or unworthy sacrifice on the part of Belgium.

The tone assumed of late by the Duke of Wellington towards M. Casimir Perier, and the bitterness of Lord Aberdeen on the subject of Louis Phillipe, are attributed by some to the instigations of Lord Stuart de Rothsay.

By the arrival of the [illegible], Capt. [illegible], from Havre, on Wednesday evening, Paris papers were received to the 17th [illegible] from which we extract the following highly interesting articles respecting the present critical state of affairs in Europe.

From the Constitutionel.

Paris, March 16.—The state of France is at this moment so ticklish, that even a rumor is sufficient to weaken the confidence in the Government, and to dislocate what has been leading during 20 months. The spirit of agitation is abroad, and makes its appearance by starts in different places. Although the Carnival be over, a masquerade took place last Sunday at Grenoble, at which the actual Ministers of Louis Philip were represented in a most degrading manner. The authorities of the city endeavored to put a stop to the insulting exhibition, but the mob resisted. The National Guard was called out, but did not attend to the call in an efficient number. The troops of the line attacked the populace and bayonetted some of them. It was even said that the mob had taken possession of the town.

M. Berrier, who lately attempted to drive his cabriolet over Louis Philip, was brought before the Chamber of Accusation, [something similar to the British grand jury,] who declared that the accusations were not sufficiently authenticated.

On the 11th a burlesque masquerade took place, in ridicule of the Ministers. The commandant shut the gate when the masquerades had got on the out side. The populace exhibited great indignation, and the gate was opened after some time.

[From the Messager des Chambres.]

March 17.—The angry feelings excited among the people by the Dutch Government against the Belgians and French, have been the cause of an unpleasant affair which may lead to serious consequences, namely, their violent conduct at Rotterdam towards the French Consul, whom they took from his carriage, and threatened to throw into the water. The following statement of facts appears in the Brussels Independant.—M. Laurence, the French Consul at Rotterdam, has had a very narrow escape from becoming a victim to the popular animosity. The Consul, accompanied by his lady, was driving through the city, and when he arrived at a bridge near the Port his carriage was stopped by several individuals, two of whom were well dressed and spoke French; they assailed him with imprecations against France and her Government, and threatened to throw him into the water. On M. Laurence asking them if they knew who they were addressing, they replied, "Yes we know you perfectly well; you are the envoy of the republicans and jacobins of Paris. We will have no more of you; into the water—into the water! away with the envoy of the King of the Jacobins!" They then seized him, dragged him out of the carriage, and would have thrown him into the water but for the screams of his lady, which brought a crowd of people to their assistance, when the assailants took to their heels.

"M. Laurence having arrived at his hotel, immediately despatched the particulars of the affair to the French Ambassador at the Hague. The Dutch Government, on hearing of the facts did all in their power to hush the matter up, and keep it a profound secret."

In Italy the [illegible] has spread the greatest excitement; from Piedmont to Naples the people have been electrified by its appearance.

Miss Zoe [illegible].—This lady, who has so often been before the public [illegible], is at length settled in Pond[illegible] Brighton, in a shop for sale of Fancy articles. On her printed card she writes "N. B. Washing taken in by the reduced relation of the Earl of Lansdale."

George IV. and Sir J. M'Mahon.—When our late monarch held his court at Carlton palace, he came rather unexpectedly into a room where Sir John M'Mahon was warming his feet at the fire, the weather being damp. The opening of the door announced the then Prince Regent's arrival, and the Baronet turned hastily round his back having previously been opposite to the entrance, and in some confusion, advanced, making an inclination of his head. "Never mind Mac," said the late King in his affable manner, "I always knew that you were a [illegible]." These little jokes [illegible] with his majesty. *Pr.*

SPORTING EXTRAORDINARY.

Washington, April 14th, 1832.

It was in the beautiful month of April—the locality Washington—the hour eight o'clock in the evening. The moon was bright—the sky was clear and blue—the dust of the Pennsylvania Avenue quiet—the pretty girls with their beaux walking about—the M. C.'s recovering from the effects of an ill-cooked dinner. Mr Stanberry of Ohio walked out with a pistol (not percussion lock,) loaded and stowed away in his pocket. Gov. Houston of Tenn. with his usual walking cane. In the neighborhood of Gadsby's Hotel these two gentlemen met. "Is your name Stanberry?" asked Gov. Houston, very coolly. "It is," replied Stanberry. "Then," continued the Governor, "there need be no ceremony—I am Gov. Houston—You know me and my business—I shall be under the disagreeable necessity of chastising you for unworthy conduct." He immediately up with his left hand and gave Mr Stanberry the chastisement—I say left hand, because Gov. Houston has lost the use of the right one in a battle with the Indians at the Horse Shoe. Mr Stanberry pulled out a pistol and flashed it in the face of his antagonist. Governor Houston knocked it out of his hand and carried it off at the close. A crowd soon collected. A person stepped up to Governor Houston and began to talk. "Don't interfere with me my good friend," said Houston in a very menacing tone. The person soon retired.

Such are the particulars of the *rencontre* which has been the subject of great excitement in this city for the whole day, both in and out of Congress.

This is the Courier's version of the affair which is from a correspondent. The cause of this fracas is traced (so it is said,) to a *lady*, and indeed we had a suspicion of as much ourselves. The morning succeeding, Mr. Stanberry in a note to the Speaker of the House, informed him that in consequence of this affair, he was unable to attend, &c., whereupon a most virulent debate ensued, which eventuated in the Speaker's empowering the Sergeant at Arms to arrest Houston and bring him before the bar of the House. He is represented as being a fine portly looking man, dressed in a dark close coat and white vest, and entered attended by the Sergeant at Arms. He had formerly been a member of the House, and marched up to the seat prepared for him with ease and confidence. He seated himself. In a moment he rose up uncovered. The Speaker addressed himself to him in a slow solemn tone. "Samuel Houston," said he, "you are called to the bar of this House, to answer to a charge made against you of assaulting a member of this House for words spoken in debate." He then asked him if he wanted counsel, and whether he required any time to prepare for his defence. Gov. Houston replied in a very collected, slow, distinct tone—"I want no counsel—I have several witnesses to examine. This is a great and important question, involving the rights of an American citizen, and I shall require twenty four hours to prepare my defence against the charge preferred." He then sat down, and was immediately conducted out of the House by the Sergeant at Arms in the same manner he had entered. A resolution then passed appointing a committee to prepare and arrange the order of the proceedings in the trial which is expected to take place on Wednesday.

Such is the first day's proceedings in an affair which has given rise to a great deal of conversation, speculation, excitement, and political feeling.

Later advices give reports of the debates on the case, which are rather interesting, but we have no room this week, and must conclude with an extract from the speech of Mr. Fitzgerald, of Tennessee, the successor of Davie Crockett, of "pan-ther memory." In alluding to certain particulars pretty generally known and talked of at Washington, as constituting the cause of attack, he says, "Suppose I only put the case hypothetically. Suppose in some future time or age, when the people shall become corrupt, and the House of Representatives partake of that corruption—Suppose in such a state of morality a member of this House should find his track crossed in an *amour* by another person, not a member—suppose that member in a fit of jealousy for the loss of his lady bird, should take advantage of his place and privileges in the House, and assail the character and impeach the general integrity of his more fortunate rival, would it be proper for this house—would it be constitutional to consider that the privileges of this house had been infringed by a brawl growing out of such an *affaire du coeur!*"

Such is the substance of the affair frequently spoken of in this place as the cause of the original quarrel! Oh, woman! woman—beautiful, bewitching woman, from the siege of Troy down to the very moment we live, what charming feuds—what delightful quarrels—what extatic fights thou hast been the cause hereof!"

The following which we copy from the Marietta (Ohio) Republican, has made no little stir among the "corps editorial." Some pronounce it a fact, while others think it a cock and bull story; at any rate it is worth reading, and may be true, though we are inclined to doubt it, for if such an expedition had been sent out by government we should, in all probability, have heard from it long ere this.

Expedition West of the Rocky Mountains.—We have been informed that during the sessions of Congress for 1820-21 an act was past authorizing the raising of a company of 42 men to explore the Rocky Mountains and north from the Missouri to the Bearing straits and 83 degrees north latitude. We have endeavored to lay our hands upon the act, but have not succeeded in so doing, although assured by many of our citizens that it is within their recollections. From the long time the company have been absent (nearly eleven years) all hopes of their return was abandoned, as it was supposed they had either fallen victims to the savages or the severity of the climate.

On Wednesday evening the 15th, one of the party, Mr. William Clawson, stopped at the house of a gentleman in Fearing township in this county, on his way homewards, (Northumberland county, Pa.) who has politely furnished us with the following particulars obtained from Mr. C.

The Company consisting of Col. Henry Leavenworth, commandant, from near Albany N. Y. Seipeo Hasler, a native of France, Topographical engineer, James Watson, from Baltimore, Md. professor of Chemistry; Drs. Henry Williams, from Baltimore, and John Gitts from near Philadelphia, physicians—under pay of $80 per month—and thirty seven privates under pay of $20—organized in Washington City, and left there in July, 1821, from thence they proceeded to Erie, where they went on board the topsail schooner Capt. Rodsel, landed at Green Bay and wintered—went by Prairie du Chiens to St. Anthony's falls, Mississippi—went up St. Peter's 300 miles in search of mines, where they discovered several very valuable ones—wintered there—went down the same river, and down Mississippi to the mouth of the Missouri to the foot of the Rocky Mountains—wintered there and continued to the middle of August—then crossed the Mountains and were west eight years. While travelling by the Frozen Ocean, and having been over into Asia, south towards the head of Columbia river, they were overtaken by a snow storm and compelled to build houses and stay there nine months, six of which the sun never rose and the darkness was as great as during our nights. The snow part of the time, was 11 feet deep and the company were compelled to eat 11 of their pack horses to prevent starving, whilst the only food the horses had was birch bark which the company cut and carried to them by walking on the snow with snow shoes. Each of the company was armed with a double barrelled rifle, made for the purpose, a brace of pistols, sword, butcher knife and a tomahawk, with an edge and three spikes. Added to these they carried on a horse a small brass piece of ordnance taken from General Burgoyne in the revolution. After passing the mountains they passed 336 different Indian tribes—some perfectly white, some entirely covered with hair (denominated the Esau Indians) who were among the most singular, and so wild that the company were compelled to run them down with horses to take their dimensions, which was part of their duty, whilst others evinced the most friendly disposition.

Whilst west of the mountains they fell in with a tribe denominated the Copper Indians, who receive their name from owning extensive Copper mines; 300 of them armed with bows and copper darts, copper knives and axes, attacked the company in the [illegible], and only about [illegible] were [illegible], the rest were [illegible], two of the company [illegible].

Among the various discoveries made by the company we have only room to mention those of extensive beds of pure salt, the largest of which was 18 acres, several inches deep on the borders found to be pure and wholesome, [illegible] beds of alum, iron, lead, copper [illegible] silver ore, the gold almost pure. Among the animals, Mr. C. describes the [illegible], the most ferocious, and [illegible].

The weight of several killed by the company varied from 60 to 125 pounds. [illegible] was surprising, and tales told of [illegible] beyond belief.

The remains of the company started for home in August 1831. They recrossed the mountains on the heads of the Missouri river, then built a boat and those who were lame went on board, the rest on foot. Leavensworth being lame, rode on horseback with those on foot, and is supposed to be now in Washington City by Mr. C.—Of the company five died by sickness, one by breaking a wild horse, one by the fall of a tree, and fifteen were killed by the Indians—total 22. Among them was Dr. Williams, who was killed by the Blackfoot Indians, three miles from the Rocky Mountains on the way out. He was found by the company shot, tomahawked and stripped naked. Three of the fifteen were never found, supposed to have been killed near the head of the Columbia river. Ten of nineteen of the survivors are lame, some by the Indians and some by accident. Capt. Leavensworth is among the number. He was on horseback half a mile distant from the camp when he was shot by an Indian, which broke his thigh and dropped his horse—the horse fell upon the injured leg and broke it again below the knee. The horse continued to hold him thus, whilst the Indian ran up to scalp him, when Capt. L. seized a pistol from his saddle and shot him dead, after which he was got safe to camp.

We are aware the above sketch is very imperfect and far from being satisfactory, but it will at least prove interesting. The notes taken by the company will be published, and we look with some anxiety for a notice of their arrival in Washington. It cannot fail of being gratifying to the citizens of the country to know that even a part of the company have returned to see the joy it must give their relatives and friends.

Dean Swift once travelling on foot, arrived late at a market town, at which he resolved to take a bed. All the inns were full of strangers on account of a fair which was at that time held in the town. The facetious doctor could only find a sorry public house, in which he was obliged to share a bed with a farmer who had arrived before him. Although secretly chagrined at this disappointment, he forbore to express it. The two companions had been but a few minutes in bed, when the farmer began to enter into conversation with the doctor, whom he informed that he had made some lucky bargains at the fair. "In regard to myself," said Swift, "I am not so fortunate as you. I have only hung six since the commencement of the assizes." "What do you mean?" exclaimed the farmer "by hanging?" "Pray what is your business?" "It is now and then a good one," replied the doctor. "I am hangman to the county." "Is it possible!" exclaimed the farmer starting up, "are you *Jack Ketch*?" "Yes," replied Swift, "I so styled. I shall [illegible] hang next week at [illegible], one of whom will be dissected and another hung in chains." The farmer was now so alarmed that he rose from his bed, burst open the door of his room, and left the whole house with his noise. The host came to his assistance. "Oh you villain!" exclaimed the farmer, "you have put me to bed with a common hangman, as if I was not fit to treat with a good and respectable people in [illegible]. Oh deliver me from such a wretch! To sleep with the common hangman—oh horrible!" The host now began to think the farmer was mad, and turned him into the street, and the doctor thereby obtained the bed to himself.

AN UNPLEASANT DILEMMA.

In [illegible] of the extraordinary circumstance of [illegible] fields during the past [illegible] weeks since [illegible] has taken place in this [illegible] during the last half century, with the almost entire extinction of [illegible]. We believe that the last wild [illegible] has been seen prowling in [illegible] was a Wild Cat, of extraordinary size and ferocious appearance, which was taken in the Oak Land more than twenty years ago. These animals were once numerous in this part of New Hampshire, and proved excessively troublesome to the farmers—who declared war [illegible] even to the knife.

About thirty years since a farmer in a neighboring town, went to his barn early one morning, in the winter season to [illegible]. With pitchfork in hand, he mounted the mow to pitch down some hay. He had hardly commenced this operation, when he was sadly frightened at beholding two enormous eyes glaring at him from a beam within a few feet of his head. He soon ascertained to his confusion that it was a monstrous Wild Cat, which appeared in the act of crouching, preparatory to a fatal spring. Self-preservation whispered the farmer to become the assailant, and accordingly, without losing time in idle compliments, he made a desperate attempt to transfix the savage animal with his pitchfork; but unhappily the tines of the fork only passed through the skin, grazed the back bone of the animal and nailed him to the roof. He felt himself wounded, and uttered the most horrible discordant noises at the same time making violent efforts to get free. The farmer meanwhile held on to the end of the pitchfork expecting every moment that his struggling and noisy antagonist would break loose, and sever him limb from limb.

The poor man bawled right lustily for aid—but the barn being at a considerable distance from the house, he could not succeed in making himself heard—and in this miserable situation with the thermometer at zero he was compelled to remain until one of his sons wondering what detained his father so long from breakfast, went out to the barn—where he beheld the antagonists facing each other—the quadruped trembling with pain and rage, the biped with fear. The youth very unceremoniously seized another pitchfork, and without any regard to the rules of honorable warfare, soon gave the whiskered gentleman his *quietus*.—*N. H. Letter.*

A person in the Massachusetts Hospital lately had his lower lip [illegible] by Dr. Hayward in consequence of a cancer, which [illegible] was destroyed. [illegible] the patient [illegible] well.

This man may truly say "my [illegible] days are now over."

The Editors of the Daily Emporium, New-Orleans, and the Herald Kingston U. C. will please accept our thanks for their favorable notices and the insertion of our prospectus.

The Advertiser [illegible].—The N. York Mercantile of Monday says: "The only Boston papers that have reached us the last two days are the Transcript of Friday, and Post of Saturday."

So we go! nimble [illegible] fashion. Whilst the [illegible] are [illegible] and we [illegible] all. [illegible] bound or going large, our [illegible] keep on their way, and it is [illegible] ahead, they mount on the swelling wave and [illegible].—*Transcript.*

A Crotchet.—A celebrated Medical Lecturer in a neighboring state, once described a glandular swelling as being as "large as an apple." One of the students audibly whispered, "as large as a [illegible]." "It was about the size of a large [illegible]," resumed the Lecturer. "A large piece of chalk," repeated the wag in an under tone. "It was as large as my *fist*," thundered out the indignant Lecturer, at the same time doubling it up and shaking it at the obnoxious person.—*Ex. Letter.*

The Ladies of Sumptersvile S. C. sent a toast to a nullifying dinner lately, commencing approving and encouraging such doctrines. "All ladies you should be in favor of [illegible]."

A member of Congress [illegible] a [illegible] New Yorker for a list of articles on which the present [illegible] should be materially reduced, and received [illegible] a scrap of paper in reply.—*Post Office*.

Fire.—About half past 10 o'clock Sunday evening, a fire broke out in the Bakery belonging to Mr. L. B. Peck, situated in the basement story of the dwelling house No. 22 Liberty near the corner of William street. The interior of the building was destroyed.

How do you think Lee's done the Devil at Covent Garden? asked one of a [illegible] [illegible] at the Garrick after the play—"Why," replied the punster, "he has done like a Greek—by showing himself to be quite a Lee's daemon."

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson have expressed their determination to return to England in the packet of the 20th inst. from this city.

Peach trees are in blossom at Albany and figs are in bud.

The Montreal Gazette of March 23 says: "Madame [illegible], whose [illegible] in Montreal a few days [illegible] concert on [illegible]. A Montreal [illegible] will [illegible] this stranger, who has been [illegible] States, and reward [illegible]."

Extracts [illegible]. [illegible]—A beautiful butterfly without wings, whose colors fade on its [illegible] sunshine.

Hoarseness—An ancient art, said to have been fashionable among young girls and wives. Now entirely out of use, or practised only by the lower orders.

Wealth—The most remarkable quality of a man.

Virtue—An awkward habit of acting different ly from other people. A vulgar word. It creates great mirth in fashionable circles.

Managers of L[illegible]—Men who pay the leg [illegible] for cheating the people.

"O Dear me, Doctor!"—According to a Dutch paper, two Caucasians murdered each other a few days since at a public house in [illegible]. The two [illegible] were Druffand and Reynolds—the particulars are not yet ascertained, but the affair is likely to prove a second edition of the "*Kil*[illegible]."

Compliments [illegible].—A western editor was honored with the compliments of the season, to which he returns in Congress in the following [illegible]: "James H. Birch, the senior editor of this paper, reciprocates with his friends and patrons the civilities and kind wishes of the season, and respectfully announces himself a candidate to represent the people of Missouri in the 23d Congress."

Police Reports.

NEW-YORK.

[illegible].—Mary Smith and two other young women were accused of keeping a disorderly house by one of their neighbors a Mrs. Macleland. It appeared that Mrs. M. had been annoyed by them for some time and had a quarrel with one of the prisoners which resulted in the [illegible] of a [illegible] on both sides. The [illegible] them were held to bail for good behavior, and the other acquitted.

Three black women were taken up last night for picking the pockets of a man by the name of Struck, of a watch, money, &c. in Walnut street.

On Saturday night the cabin of the sloop Reve[illegible] was broken into and robbed of a pocket book containing $118, the property of the captain.

A [illegible] [illegible].—A poor blind mendicant who usually strolls around the Park, led by a large dog, was taken up very much wounded from the [illegible] in a cellar under the house [illegible] Orange street.

It appears from [illegible] that David Ro[illegible] whose dwelling the wounded man was found, [illegible] on his [illegible] on the head with a large and heavy piece of wood, and left him lying in the cellar where he was found. Rogers has been committed for trial.

On Saturday afternoon an old [illegible] colored fellow named Chas. Reed was brought to the Police Office and from thence fully committed for trial [illegible] having amused himself and annoyed others by assaulting every person who [illegible] him in Centre [illegible]. A gentleman whom he [illegible] his outrageous conduct attempted to arrest him, but was unfortunately knocked down and much injured by [illegible]. Several who went to the assistance of the gentleman [illegible] were closely pursued into the [illegible] at the head of Canal and Centre streets, where he was soon closely pressed by two or three persons all of whom he set out with their [illegible] with mud.

When Reed's [illegible] before the Police [illegible] acquaintance [illegible].

Science of Self-Defence

Great Wrestling Match!!!

J. HUDSON of Boston, respectfully informs the gentlemen of New York, patrons of the above science, that he will give an Exhibition on Monday evening next at the *THEATRE HOTEL*, adjoining Park Theatre, on which occasion he will be assisted by W. H[illegible], a celebrated amateur of this city, and several others who have pledged themselves to assist him.

On this evening J. Hudson will contend with a Gentleman Amateur from the South weighing 18 stone 4 lbs.

N. B. There will be TWO MATCHES take place on the above evening between three celebrated B[illegible] of this city, for the purpose of deciding a wager.

Sparring to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents each, to be obtained at the Bar.

SELF DEFENCE.

J. HUDSON from Boston would respectfully inform the Gentlemen of New York and [illegible] that he has taken the large room in the Theatre Hotel adjoining the Park Theatre for the purpose of giving instruction in the Manly Art of SELF DEFENCE. Gentlemen wishing to take lessons in the above Science, will [illegible] Room [illegible].

N. B. Gentlemen wishing to take Private Lessons [illegible] at his [illegible]. a21

SPRING RACES.

Dutchess County Races.

THE Spring Races, over the Dutchess County Course, will commence on Tuesday, the 15th of May, and continue three days.

First day—At 12 o'clock, sweepstakes for three year old colts, one mile heats, for $300 each, $100 forfeit—eight subscribers.

At two o'clock two mile heats; purse $200.

Second day—At 2 o'clock, three mile heats; purse $300.

Third day—At 2 o'clock, 4 mile heats; purse $500. *Poughkeepsie, April 18, 1832*

TREE-HILL RACES.

WILL commence, as usual, on the second Tuesday in May next.

First Day.

The celebrated Stallion Stakes will take place this day. The produce of the best Stallions of the land will make their first effort, for the fame of themselves and sires. On the event of this race depends much of the future success of those justly celebrated racers, Tonson, Eclipse, Gohanna, Medley, Contention and Arab. The number of colts of their get, in training for this stake, ensures a race worthy of Virginia in her best day. Entrance $200—mile heats—play or pay.

Subscribers.

1	Jno. M. Botts produce of	Gohanna.
2	Jas. J. Harrison's	Arab.
3	T. Watson's	Mons. Tonson.
4	Th. P. Hare's	Contention.
5	Wm. R. Johnson's	Medley.
6	Walter Livingston's	Eclipse.

Second Day's Race.

Proprietor's Purse $300—two mile heats—entrance $15.

After this race will be run a sweepstake—mile heats—entrance $100—half forfeit.

Subscribers.

1. Wm. H. Mange enters a Contention filley.
2. Dr. Johnson, a Gohanna colt out of the dam of Coltier.
3. Peter Lyons, a Gohanna colt.
4. A. M. Harrison, a Hotspur colt out of Molly Andrews.
5. Henry Tatman, a Spring Hill colt.

On the evening of this day, there will be a Race Ball at the Eagle Hotel. Gentlemen citizens and visitors are requested to subscribe.

Third Day.

Jockey Club Purs $1000—four mile heats.

Fourth Day.

A Proprietor's Purse $200—two mile heats—entrance $15.

After this race will be run a Sweepstake—mile heats—entrance $200—half forfeit.

Subscribers.

1. J. M. Selden enters a b. f. by Tonson, out of a Hom[illegible] mare.
2. W. Boulton enters a c. by Gohanna, out of a Tom Tough mare.
3. J. W. Winter enters b. c. by Gohanna out of [illegible].
4. Wm. H. Roane enters gr. f. by Gohanna, out of [illegible] mare.
5. Thos. Watson enters b. c. by Tonson, out of a full sister to Trick'em.
6. Jas. M. Botts enters b. c. by Gohanna, out of Dairy Maid.
7. T. P. Chalban enters b. f. by Trafalgar, out of a full sister to Star.
8. Wm. R. Johnson enters a c. by Tonson, out of Betsy Robinson.
9. A. Armstrong enters produce of Cowan's Herset mare by Spring Hill.

At the [illegible] of [illegible] in the Stallion Stakes, it is hoped the [illegible] stable of Mr. Stevens will be on Virginia ground, the speed and bottom of his Tonson colt [illegible]. The stable from the Central Course [illegible] there, which together with [illegible] a field of competitors [illegible]. [illegible] *Club*

April 6.

FAIRFIELD RACES.

WILL commence [illegible] April next and [illegible]

First day—A post s[illegible] 3 years old, one [illegible], play or pay. Six subscribers.

Mr. Botts,
Mr. Garrison,
Mr. Johnson.

A sweepstake for colts and fillies [illegible] close on the 1st of April—four or more to make a race; to which there are three subscribers.

Second day, Proprietor's purse, two mile heats, $300—entrance $15.

Third day, Jockey Club purse, four mile heat—entrance $20. Purse 600 dollars, without discount.

By order of the Club.

JOHN MINGE,
RICHARD ADAMS, } *Proprietors.*

JERUSALEM RACES.

THE second Spring Meeting will commence the second Tuesday in April next, and continue 4 days.

First day—Sweepstake for 3 years old colts and fillies 1 mile heats—entrance $100, half forfeit—four subscribers to make a race, two already entered; and to close the 1st day of April.

Second day—Proprietor's Purse—2 mile heats, $150.

Third day—Jockey Club Purse—$500, 3 mile heats.

Fourth day—Sweepstake for 3 years old colts and fillies, mile heats—entrance $500, half forfeit four subscribers to make a race, one already entered; to close the 1st day of April next.

The Subscriber having purchased the entire interest of this course, pledges himself to use all the means in his power (and they are ample) to give general satisfaction.—The track will be put in complete order, and good stables and litter furnished as usual.—The Newmarket rules to govern in all cases.

RICHARD S. NICHOLSON, *Proprietor.*

SAVANNAH JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

THE RACES over the Bonadventure Course, four miles distant from the city, will commence on *Wednesday, the 18th day of April next*, under the exclusive control and direction of the Stewards and Officers of the Club.

Free for any Mare, Horse or Gelding, in the United States.

First day—April 18.	
4 Mile heats, for a purse of	$500
Second day—April 19.	
3 Mile heats, for a purse of	$400
Third day—April 20.	
2 Mile heats, for a purse of	$250
Fourth and last day—April 21.	
3 in 5 of 1 mile heats for	$400
(and gate money of that day.)	

Weights, &c. according to the rules of the Savannah Jockey Club.

The Augusta Chronicle, Athenian, Mill[illegible] Journal, and Charleston Mercury, are requested to insert the above once a week until the 18th April.

RICHARD D. ARNOLD,
March 16, 1832. *Secretary.*

COLTS SWEEPSTAKE.

ON Wednesday the 16th of May, 1832, a Colts Sweep Stake will be run for over the Lexington Course—two mile heats [illegible] bred and raised in the State of Georgia, the spring of 1829. Entrance 50 dollars, [illegible].

[illegible] the following day a Sweepstake [illegible] Colts foaled in the State [illegible] spring of 1829 [illegible].

[illegible] March

Tattersall's, 446 Broadway.

THE public are respectfully informed that this [illegible] continues at "the [illegible]." Horses of all descriptions [illegible] at Private Sale from the [illegible] at auction on each Monday afternoon [illegible] 3 o'clock. Carriages [illegible] in endless variety can be seen and bought from the Gallery.—Horses kept at Livery in the best possible manner, faithful grooms, pure water, and good feed.

The Rooms, [illegible] under the immediate superintendence of Mr. [illegible] is open for the winter season, and made comfortable by stoves. Ladies have the opportunity of [illegible] the hours most convenient to themselves.

BLYTH & WATSON,
Tattersall's 446 Broadway.

R. S. WHITE,
Engraver on Wood,
141 NASSAU-STREET,
NEW-YORK.

THE SERAPHINE,

A NEW MUSICAL INSTRUMENT, INVENTED BY

CHARLES G. CHRISTMAN,

No. 398 Pearl-Street.

AFTER a long time of uninterrupted perseverance, this extraordinary instrument is introduced to the public in its present very gratifying perfection. The Seraphine will be understood to be a keyed instrument, or an Organ in miniature, peculiarly adapted for domestic use; but it is not necessarily confined to domestic purposes; it is sufficiently powerful for small churches. It is impossible to conceive so small an instrument capable of producing such an immense volume of harmony; at the same time it is capable of the utmost possible delicacy of diminuendo and cresendo, from the soft sighing of the Æolian harp to the grandeur and majesty of the full choir, in a degree of excellence never yet claimed by any other instrument. Such an instrument, independently of its novelty, cannot fail to be valuable to any performer on the pianoforte or organ.

N. B. At Mr. Christman's Music store may be procured eight keyed Flutes, Accordians, Pocket and Kent bugles for which he has been honored with the first premium of the American Institute, also Guitars, Violins, Military and other Instruments; Music, which he has just published for the Guitar; the beautiful song Green Hills of Tyrol, as sung by Mrs. Austin in the Opera of Cinderella, with three new Waltzes composed by O. Torpe, and to be continued in numbers.

Strings, and every article appertaining to the Music business.

BOOTS, SHOES, & CAPS.

500 PACKAGES of fresh Boots and Shoes, just received from the Manufacturers, comprising a large assortment of prime goods, well adapted to the present season.

2000 pr.	Men's prime thick Brogans and Shoes.		
1000 do	do second quality	do	do
1000 do	do thick pegged and sewed Boots.		
1000 do	do kip Brogans and Shoes.		
1000 do	do fine sewed Brogans and Shoes.		
2000 do	Gentlemen's calf	do	do
3000 do	Boys thick	do	do
1000 do	do fine sewed	do	
5000 do	Women's prime lace leather walking Shoes.		
2000 do	do sewed and pegged leather Boots.		
1000 do	do Morocco walking Shoes & Boots.		
1000 do	do Lasting	do	do
500 do	do half heeled Roans.		
1000 do	Gentlemen's Russett morning Slippers.		
1000 do	do Buckskin	do	do
5000 do	do lined and bound grained Brogans and Shoes.		
2000 do	Misses lasting and morocco Shoes.		
5000 do	Children's leather, do	do	

Also, an invoice of 30 cases, comprising a general assortment of Men's and Boys' seal cloth and morocco Caps, &c. for sale by

GEO. W. HOLLAND,
120, Water Street.

American Feathered Game.

THE subscriber proposes to publish by subscription, the following American Feathered Game, viz.—the Grouse, Pheasant, (or Partridge,) Partridge, (or Quail,) male or female, Woodcock and [illegible].

These engravings will be made from the birds themselves, of the size of life, and colored with the greatest accuracy. They will be drawn on plates 12 1-2 by 16 1-2 inches, and characteristic scenery introduced, so as to form a beautiful picture.

It appears to the publisher, that a paper of this kind is wanting in a country abounding so plentifully with the species of game; and, as no attempt has ever been made to picture our game birds in the proposed style, he hopes at least sufficient encouragement will be given to authorise the publication, even should no profit accrue to the publisher.

As the publisher has always felt an interest and pride in these birds, no pains will be spared to make the drawings perfect representations of the originals, and creditable to himself and his country; and as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers shall be obtained, the drawings will be commenced, and the plates issued as they are published, to subscribers, and in separate pasteboard scrolls with covers, to prevent injury.

These five plates will constitute those birds which are the chief objects of the pursuit in the sportsman; but, as it seems desirable to introduce a *water* bird among so many land birds, the *canvass back Duck* may be added to the list, if those who subscribe to the former will authorise it.

Those who may wish to subscribe, will please send their names and addresses to the subscriber at as early a period as possible, stating whether they will take the five or six plates. Persons residing in distant towns will do well to join with some of their neighbors, as several subscriptions in one place will make it an object to form an agency there, to whom the plates may be sent, and payment made for the same.

In order to place the thing on a favorable footing and remove all difficulties from the minds of those who intend to subscribe, the publisher states, that they are at liberty to withdraw their subscriptions for the remainder of the plates, after the delivery of the first drawing, should it not equal their expectations or prove satisfactory; but failure to notify the publisher within one month after the receipt of the same will be deemed by him an assent on their part, to take the whole originally subscribed for.

Terms $1 25 each plate, beautifully colored and in pasteboard cases, to be paid for on delivery.

All communications must be *post paid*, and addressed to the subscriber, No. 5 Library street, Philadelphia. JNO. DOUGHTY.

Subscriptions received by WM. STODART, No. 6 Cortlandt street, New-York.

TEMPLE OF HYGEIA, 195 *Pearl-street, Between Cortlandt and Broadway.*—Dr. Andrew.—Member of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, Student of the University of Edinburgh, and some years a Medical Officer in different Marine Hospitals, &c. &c.—Where he has had ample opportunities of witnessing the practice of the most experienced of the faculty, together with his own observations during the last twenty years, the greater portion of which has been spent in this quarter of the globe, continues to give his advice for diseases of a *Delicate Nature*, Ulcers, &c. He does not deem it necessary to offend the feelings of modesty by recapitulating (as is too generally the case in public advertisements,) the various forms of this baneful malady—the meaning of which is now well understood by all concerned [illegible]. Dr. *Andrew* warns the public against the [illegible] *Mercury*, [illegible] convinced by long experience most of the Chronic affections, generally supposed to be [illegible] the effects of [illegible] *Mercury*.—Thousands have been restored to health, after years of suffering through the unsparing application of that *Poisonous* [illegible] *plan of Treatment* of Dr. A. which plan has been founded on the [illegible] from the Immortal Abernethy [illegible]. Recent affections *cured* in a [illegible] of *Mercury*. All [illegible] to be effectual [illegible] *patients* [illegible] Office.

[illegible] to any part of the [illegible] describing the disease [illegible].

[illegible] every denomination, to [illegible]. a14

NEW-YORK.

Saturday Morning, April 21, 1832.

☞ Subscriptions, Communications, &c. for this paper, received by Messrs. Peabody & Co. No. 233 Broadway, adjoining the American Hotel.

CORPORATION DINNER!

With all due gravity, reverence and respect, we come before the goodly citizens of this great and wonderful metropolis, to solicit in behalf of the worthy fathers of the city, a public dinner, at their expense. We make our appeal not only to the body corporate, but to the *stomachs* of our readers, for the justice of this claim; for what city in the world can compare with ours for the judgment, temperance, good living, or uselessness of its Corporation, and what one in this hemisphere can compete with ours in *Mud*, *Hogs*, or even a *City Clock*?

Man is supposed, and generally believed to be a mixture of water and earth. Any gentleman doubting this can examine his pantaloons from the knees downwards; if he has "trod the *pave*" within a week, he will find a sufficient quantity of the article, to enable him to make an accurate experiment of what ingredients the said conglomerated mass is composed. The ladies, bless the dear creatures, have not been out for the week, in consequence, as the woful visages of the bipeds, 'yclept dandies, bear ample testimony; and the "watered silks" of the belle as well as the colored paraphernalia of the beaux, give token of the falling away in price of this article of trade, owing to the present overflooded state of the market. Verily could a tax be levied of a penny per load, on what is now lying in our streets, it would be sufficient to pay not only the expenses of the city government, but enable the writer of this, with the residue, to treat his friends to a supper at *Delmonicos'*; "a consummation most devoutly to be wished."

Hogs, in every variety, from the "entire swine," to the "shoat," from the "long-tail'd sow to the short-tail'd pig," can at any time, and without expence or comfort, be seen perambulating our streets, regardless entirely of the condition of the walking, and have even been known frequently to dispute the benefit of the sidewalks with a *rather* different class of animals. This privileged race, not content with making the streets their promenading ground, to the manifest danger of soiling silks, satins, &c. to say nothing of tripping up the heels of passengers, have lately, as if by preconcert, entered into an alliance, offensive and defensive, to cultivate the grounds of the Park, with their noses, and to root, range and riot therein, as seemeth them good. This is called the "freedom of the city." The ordinance prohibiting their street-walking has been therefore rendered inoperative and useless, save in the upper section of the city, where the carts and captors are at work, creating much querimonious music; and the swinish multitude, with bristling boldness, strut as consequentially about the "centre of attraction," as if they had a prescriptive right, like the biped race, to do just as they please. In this fierce struggle for supremacy between the pigs and the public, the former have not shewed their teeth in vain; and the latter, armed as they are by municipal edicts, must yield the sovereignty of the city to the swine, unless the whole park of legal artillery can be brought to bear against them.

We cannot but reflect what must be the feelings of those poor fellows, in "durance vile," who from their receptacle of woe gaze through the grated windows of their prison-house, upon the scenes of liberty and joy around, and see animals of a meaner race ranging at large, in defiance of the law and its penalties, while they are cooped up within *stone pens*. A fine comment on the law truly, when the men are locked up and the pigs let loose—the swine at liberty and their owners in prison! This is what we call "going the whole hog."

Our City Clock* is not by any means to be looked up to by any citizen without finding the time in keeping with his own. To effect this the Corporation have got up one which will immortalize them, and perpetuate their fame to the remotest generations; though it has unwittingly been the course of great laughter and fun to some and of curses both loud and deep to others.

A merchant in Broadway has to pay a note at 3 o'clock; he happens to cast his eye up to the "city regulator," and to his infinite horror finds it 4 o'clock, while his own chronometer assures him it is but three. He imagines it useless to wend his way to Wall-street. The bank is closed—his note is protested, and although a monied man, barely escapes ruin, from the claims of his creditors pouring in all at once without any preparation to meet them.

Another being engaged to dine at 4, with a friend, and having unfortunately left his watch at home, is dependent on the Corporation clock. At the appointed hour he reaches the mansion of his friend, just in time to learn that he has dined, and had set off in his Stanhope for Cato's.

A young gentleman who figured very prominently in the balls last winter at Charruand's and betrothed to a fashionable belle, was engaged to call with her on some family friends, as a sort of preparatory introduction to a nearer relationship. The time was set, at 3 he was to join her. His patent lever the day before he had left with Gelston; passing through Chamber-street he observed by the City clock, that it was near 4 o'clock; what was to be done, he should be late at best, but thinking of the old adage, "better late than never," he hurried with all his might and reaching the residence of his "ladye love," began to apologise in the most abject confusion for his tardiness. Imagine his surprise on learning that it was but a few minutes past 2; he thought he could not be mistaken—he certainly was not at the champaigne supper the night before, and how the deuce could he have made so ridiculous a mistake? He again begged pardon, and left, determined not again to be in such a hurry. Some time after, walking up Broadway in front of the Park, he observed it was nearly 3, but recollecting his morning's mishap, he was not so anxious to meet his intended too early, and so strolling leisurely on towards the "place of meeting," at last reached the "haven of his hopes." A pretty business he had made of it with the aid of the Corporation: it was about 5 o'clock and his mistress imagining that his reason for calling so early and then neglecting her at the time appointed, was only owing to his want of the "tender passion," or the effects of dissipation, had concluded with the advice of her friends to indite a *certain note*, &c. for his especial benefit and behoof, and with it was handed also a certain casket of *bijouterie*, which contributed very sensibly to produce that "elongation of countenance," for which he has since been so much remarked. Thus was a splendid match broken off on account of the fathers of the city having made such efforts to *please all*.

A "knowing one" who prides himself on his repeater, and had compared it with the clock (on the east side) and found it right was *taken in* by a friend who was "up to the thing," in a way we shall take the liberty to relate, as a beacon to all others interested:—

A met B at Palmo's, and after drinking their coffee, B asked A what's o'clock? "12 and 5 minutes," was the answer; says B, "I'll bet you an oyster supper it's 2." "Done," says A, "we'll have it to night; and I'll prove to you by the 'City Hall Clock' that I've got the *true time*." B, who we said before, was up to a thing or so, took A round to the *south side*, when lo! on comparing the two "time-keepers," they were found to vary about two hours. A, it is unnecessary to state, was dumb with astonishment, and the same evening was obliged to "*tip the kimmiles*."

Thus "all these dire miseries having seen and shared," does it not behoove us as good citizens to "be up and doing." If the Corporation will not listen to our wishes or complaints, what course is more likely to induce them to do than to get up a *Grand Corporation Dinner?* When they have tasted our turtle, our venison, our champaigne, our liqueurs, and all that sort-o'-thing, *then* they can refuse us nothing; and we should have the pleasure to see once more clean streets, without pigs, and a city-clock, lit up in the evening, that kept the same time all around; a meeting should then be held in front of the Park, and every street inspector and commissioner, hog reeve and dog-killer should receive at the hands of the people a *Leather Medal*, in return for the benefits resulting from the *Corporation Dinner*.

*Our Corporation have raised the salary of the person, who has charge of the clock on the City Hall, and in *consequence*, there has been for some days, a difference of *three hours* between the hands on the south face and the others. Suppose they raise the salary a peg higher—the same difference will probably then exist between the north and east dials—thus we would have a fair division instead of three to one as the case now stands.—*Courier.*

Sporting News, &c.—Our sheet will be found this week to contain a greater variety of matter, interesting to general readers and more particularly to lovers of Field and others sports, than has ever been the case. Since our last we have received Skinner's *American Turf Register and Sporting Magazine*, and Doughty's *Cabinet of Natural History, and American Rural Sports*, with a variety of other periodicals, from which we have made very copious extracts, in order to lay before our friends at the earliest hour, the many choice articles they contain; to do this we have been obliged to omit several communications and Editorials, and matters which shall be attended to in our next.

Fashion at Washington. "The number of visiters that still continue to flock to Washington is incredible. People of business and people of fashion are equally numerous in our public places—private soirees—the capitol and the halls of debate. Last evening there were a couple of large private parties, and more I believe are on the carpet. New beauties from all points of the compass, continue to flit across our horizon. The Spring at Washington is fast becoming as fashionable a place of resort as Saratoga or Ballston is in the summer and fall."

We regret to learn that all our subscribers were not served last week. The carriers left the office at 5 A. M. on Saturday morning with a sufficient number of papers, and had we known that any were missed, we should have immediately sent round another. Our patrons who may hereafter fail to receive the paper, will oblige us by leaving a note at the Post Office, which will be promptly attended to. If any expense can remedy the evil, they shall not again have cause for complaint.

We find the following in a late Ohio paper: "The two-legged puppy who had the impudence to persevere in escorting a young lady home from singing school, the other evening, after she had politely informed him that she was provided with company, may rest assured that should he repeat the like offence, he shall be compelled to breakfast the next morning on the tail of one of Simon Snyder's toughest cowskins.

"Cornstalks twist his hair,
Mortal pestals pound him,
Cartwheels smash his bones,
And leave him where I've found him."
SIMON OXFORD.

☞ It is with great pleasure that we announce to our readers the arrival from London of Mrs. Hamblin. This talented lady will be a valuable acquisition to Mr. Hamblin's already unrivalled Company. She is announced to appear in a few days in the character of *Sindrell*, in C. W. Taylor's popular Drama of *The Water Witch*.

To Correspondents.—We have the pleasure to acknowledge communications from our Sporting friends at Prairie du Chien, Cantonment Leavenworth, Missouri, from Pensylvania, Vermont, Creek nation, Georgia, and Ohio, for which they will please accept our thanks. We have also to acknowledge several from our city friends. "A—" who curses the Park, and James Mr. Forrest, we have no room for; we had a hearty laugh over his *Comm.* and thus much are obliged "G.," shall have a place next week; as well as "L." "F." "I." and "Andrew Single."

Am. Turf Register.—We beg leave to recommend to our Sporting friends the periodical bearing this name, and can assure them that it even excels in interest any foreign publication of the class we receive. The number for April is most excellent, and well calculated to sustain the high character of the work, for all that is interesting in matters relating to the Turf, Field Sports, &c. &c. It is published monthly by J. S. Skinner, Esq. Baltimore, at $5 per annum in advance.

Launch.—This morning will be launched, (if fair weather,) at about half past 11 o'clock, from the yard of Messrs. C. Bergh & Co. the ship *Orpheus*. This vessel is 569 tons register, her model is upon the most approved modern style for swiftness and capacity, and in every respect she is unsurpassed by any ship ever launched. The Orpheus is built for, and will be commanded by Capt. N. Cobb, and is intended for a Liverpool packet.

...tly Emporium, New-Or[illegible] ...ingston, U. C. will please ...ir favorable notices and ...specus.

...LITTLE.—The N[illegible] ...says, "The only ...resident as the best two ...of Friday, and Post of [illegible]

[illegible] fashion. Whilst [illegible] our [illegible] way, and if a [illegible] mount on the swelling [illegible]

...lebrated Medical Lecturer ...once described a glandular ...large as an apple. One ...whispered, "as large as a ...as about the size of a large ...lecturer. A large piece ...in an under tone. It [illegible] thundered out the in[illegible] same time doubling it ...the obnoxious person.—E.

...ervaille, S. C. sent a toast ...highly commending ap[illegible] ...such doctrines. All ...favor of [illegible]

...ss asked a pious New ...rules on which the present ...rally reduced, and received ...in reply—Post Off.

...past 10 o'clock Sunday ...it in the Bakery belonging ...situated in the basement [illegible] ...e, No. 22 Liberty, near the ...reet. The interior of the [illegible]

...k Lucy done the Devil, at ...ed one of a [illegible] ...Garrick, after the play— ...[illegible] he has done like ...owing himself to be quite a [illegible]

...erson have expressed their ...n to England by the packet ...this city.

...doors in Alabama and [illegible]

...zette, of March 23, says [illegible] ...in Montreal ...his return to England. A ...ill, we hope, kindly ...has been persevered in the [illegible]

...[illegible] but useless [illegible] ...fade on being removed [illegible]

...An ancient art, said to have ...young girls, and [illegible] ...of use, or practised only by the [illegible]

...st remarkable quality of a [illegible]

...ward habit of acting different ...A vulgar word. It [illegible] ...fashionable circles. ...Misses.—Men who pay the ...ng the people.

...[illegible]—According to a De[illegible] ...muttons murdered each other, ...a public house in Beldon ...Drullard and Reynolds—the ...yet ascertained, but the case ...second edition of the "Kil[illegible]

...RISING.—A western editor ...the compliments of the season, ...in Congress, in the following [illegible] ...the sole editor of this po[illegible] ...with his friends and patrons the ...wishes of the season—and re[illegible] ...himself a candidate to re[illegible] ...of Miss [illegible] in the 23d Con[illegible]

...ice Reports.

...NEW-YORK.

...Smith and two other young ...of keeping a disorderly ...their neighbors, a Mrs. Macki[illegible] ...that Mrs. M. had been annoy[illegible] ...some time, and had a quarrel ...prisoners which resulted in the ...of a cowskin on both sides ...held to bail for good behavior ...quitted.

...women were taken up last night ...pockets of a man by the name of ...watch, money, &c. in Walnut [illegible]

...ight the cabin of the sloop Reve[illegible] ...into and robbed of a pocket book ...the property of the captain.

...—A poor blind mendicant ...around the Park, led by a large ...very much wounded from the ...[illegible] the house [illegible]

...in his stab [illegible] that David Ro[illegible] ...the wounded man was found ...the head with a large and heavy ...left him lying in the cellar ...Rogers has been commit[illegible]

...afternoon [illegible] colored fel[illegible] ...Reed was known to the Police ...[illegible] fully committed for trial ...assaulting every person who ...[illegible] in Centre ...[illegible] ...pursued to the place of ...Canal and Centre street [illegible]

...e of Self-Defence

...Wrestling Match!!!

[illegible]

...ELF DEFENCE.

[illegible] ...the Gentlemen of New-York and [illegible] ...Private [illegible] ...recommended. a21

SPRING RACES.

Dutchess County Races.

THE Spring Races, over the Dutchess County Course, will commence on Tuesday, the 15th of May, and continue three days.

First day—At 12 o'clock, sweepstakes for three year old colts, one mile heats, for $300 each, $100 forfeit—eight subscribers.

At two o'clock two mile heats; purse $200.

Second day—At 2 o'clock, three mile heats, purse $300.

Third day—At 2 o'clock, 4 mile heats; purse $500. *Poughkeepsie, April 18, 1832.*

TREE-HILL RACES,

WILL commence, as usual, on the second Tuesday in May next.

First Day.

The celebrated Stallion Stakes will take place this day. The produce of the best Stallions of the land will make their first effort, for the fame of themselves and sires. On the event of this race depends much of the future success of those justly celebrated racers, Tonson, Eclipse, Gohanna, Medley, Contention and Arab. The number of colts of their get, in training for this stake, ensures a race worthy of Virginia in her best day.

Entrance $200—mile heats—play or pay.

SUBSCRIBERS.

1. Jno. M. Botts' produce of	Gohanna.
2. Jas. J. Harrison's	Arab.
3. T. Watson's	Mons. Tonson.
4. Th. P. Hare's	Contention.
5. Wm. R. Johnson's	Medley.
6. Walter Livingston's	Eclipse.

Second Day's Race.

Proprietor's Purse, $300—two mile heats—entrance $15.

After this race, will be run a sweepstake—mile heats—entrance $100—half forfeit.

SUBSCRIBERS.

1. Wm. H. Minge enters a Contention filley.
2. Dr. Johnson, a Gohanna colt out of the dam of Collier.
3. Peter Lyons, a Gohanna colt.
4. A. M. Harrison, a Hotspur colt out of Molly Andrews.
5. Henry Talman, a Spring Hill colt.

On the evening of this day, there will be a Race Ball at the Eagle Hotel. Gentlemen, citizens and visitors are requested to subscribe.

Third Day.

Jockey Club Purse, $1000—four mile heats.

Fourth Day.

A Proprietor's Purse $200—two mile heats—entrance $15.

After this race, will be run a Sweepstake—mile heats—entrance $200—half forfeit.

SUBSCRIBERS.

1. J. M. Selden enters b f by Tonson, out of a Duroc de mare.
2. Wm. Renlow enters s c by Gohanna, out of a Tom Tough mare.
3. J. W. Winfree enters b c by Gohanna, out of Ray Yankee.
4. Wm. H. Roane enters gr f by Gohanna, out of a [illegible] mare.
5. Thos. Watson enters b c by Tonson, out of a full sister to Tuckahoe.
6. Jno. M. Botts enters b c by Gohanna, out of Dairy Maid.
7. F. P. Corbin enters b f by Trafalgar, out of a full sister to Star.
8. Wm. R. Johnson enters s c by Tonson, out of Betsy Robinson.
9. A. Armstrong enters produce of Cogenius. Horset mare by Spring Hill.

As the produce of Eclipse is in the Stallion Stakes, it is hoped the northern stable of Mr. Stevens will try on Virginia ground the speed and bottom of his [illegible]. The stable from the Central Course [illegible] be there, which together with [illegible] a field of enjoyment [illegible]

April 6

FAIRFIELD RACES.

WILL commence [illegible] April next and [illegible]

First day, a post [illegible] fillies, 3 years old, one [illegible] play or pay. Six subscribers.

Mr. BOTTS, [illegible]
Mr. GARRISON,
Mr. JOHNSTON, [illegible]

A sweepstake for colts and fillies [illegible] close on the 1st of April—four or more to make a race; to which there are three subscribers.

Second day, Proprietor's purse, two mile heats, $300—entrance $15.

Third day, Jockey Club purse, four mile heat—entrance $20. Purse 600 dollars, without discount.

By order of the Club.
JOHN MINGE, } *Proprietors.*
RICHARD ADAMS, }

JERUSALEM RACES.

THE second Spring Meeting will commence the second Tuesday in April next, and continue 4 days.

First day—Sweepstake for 3 years old colts and fillies 1 mile heats—entrance $100, half forfeit—four subscribers to make a race, two already entered, and to close the 1st day of April.

Second day—Proprietor's Purse—2 mile heats, $150.

Third day—Jockey Club Purse—$500, 3 mile heats.

Fourth day—Sweepstake for 3 years old colts and fillies, mile heats—entrance $500, half forfeit four subscribers to make a race, one already entered, to close the 1st day of April next.

The Subscriber having purchased the entire interest of this course, pledges himself to use all the means in his power (and they are ample) to give general satisfaction.—The track will be put in complete order, and good stables and litter furnished as usual.—The Newmarket rules to govern in all cases.

RICHARD S. NICHOLSON, *Proprietor.*

SAVANNAH

JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

THE RACES over the Bonadventure Course, four miles distant from the city, will commence on *Wednesday, the 18th day of April next*, under the exclusive control and direction of the Stewards and Officers of the Club.

Free for any Mare, Horse or Gelding, in the United States.

First day—April 18	
4 Mile heats, for a purse of	$500
Second day—April 19	
3 Mile heats, for a purse of	$400
Third day—April 20	
2 Mile heats, for a purse of	$250
Fourth and last day—April 21	
3 in 5 of 1 mile heats for	$400

[illegible] gate money of that day.

Weights, &c. according to the rules of the Savannah Jockey Club.

The Augusta Chronicle, Athenian, Milledgeville [illegible] and Charleston Mercury, are requested to insert the above once a week until the 18th April.

RICHARD D. ARNOLD, Secretary.

March [illegible] 1832.

COLTS SWEEPSTAKE.

ON Wednesday the 16th of May, 1832, [illegible] Sweep Stake will be run for over the [illegible] Course [illegible] State of Georgia [illegible] 1829 [illegible]

[illegible]

March.

Tattersall's, 436 Broadway.

THE [illegible] respectfully informed that this [illegible] continues in "the [illegible] Horses of all [illegible] Private Sales [illegible] at auction on each [illegible] at half past 3 o'clock. Carriages [illegible] and a constant hand in endless variety can be seen and bought from the [illegible]. Horses kept at Livery in the best possible manner, faithful grooms, pure water, and good feed.

The [illegible] under the immediate superintendence of Mr. [illegible] is open for the winter season, and made comfortable by stoves. Ladies have the opportunity of [illegible] the hours most convenient to themselves.

BLYTH & WATSON,
Tattersall's, 436 Broadway.

R. S. WHITE,
Engraver on Wood,
111 NASSAU-STREET,
NEW-YORK.

THE SERAPHINE,

A NEW MUSICAL INSTRUMENT, INVENTED BY
CHARLES G. CHRISTMAN,
No. 398 Pearl-Street.

AFTER a long time of uninterrupted perseverance, this extraordinary instrument is introduced to the public in its present very gratifying perfection. The Seraphine will be understood to be a keyed instrument, or an Organ in miniature, peculiarly adapted for domestic use; but it is not necessarily confined to domestic purposes: it is sufficiently powerful for small churches. It is impossible to conceive so small an instrument capable of producing such an immense volume of harmony: at the same time it is capable of the utmost possible delicacy of diminuendo and crescendo, from the soft sighing of the Æolian harp to the grandeur and majesty of the full choir, in a degree of excellence never yet claimed by any other instrument. Such an instrument independently of its novelty, cannot fail to be valuable to any performer on the pianoforte or organ.

N. B. At Mr Christman's Music store may be procured eight keyed Flutes, Accordians, Pocket and Kent bugles, for which he has been honored with the first premium of the American Institute, also Guitars, Violins, Military and other Instruments; Music, which he has just published for the Guitar; the beautiful song Green Hills of Tyrol, as sung by Mrs. Austin in the Opera of Cinderella, with three new Waltzes composed by C. Torpe, and to be continued in numbers.

Strings, and every article appertaining to the Music business.

BOOTS, SHOES, & CAPS.

500 PACKAGES of fresh Boots and Shoes just received from the Manufacturers comprising a large assortment of prime goods, well adapted to the present season.

2000 pr.	Men's prime thick Brogans and Shoes.		
1000 do	do second quality	do	do
2000 do	do thick pegged and sewed Boots.		
2000 do	do kip Brogans and Shoes.		
1000 do	do fine sewed Brogans and Shoes.		
2000 do	Gentlemen's calf	do	do
2000 do	Boys thick	do	do
1000 do	do fine sewed	do	
3000 do	Women's prime lace leather walking Shoes.		
2000 do	do sewed and pegged leather Boots.		
1000 do	do Morocco walking Shoes & Boots.		
1000 do	do Lasting	do	do
500 do	do half heeled Roans.		
1000 do	Gentlemen's Russett morning Slippers.		
1000 do	do Buckskin	do	do
2000 do	do lined and bound grained Brogans and Shoes.		
2000 do	Misses lasting and morocco Shoes.		
2000 do	Children's leather, do	do	

Also, an invoice of 30 cases, comprising a general assortment of Men's and Boys' seal cloth and morocco Caps, &c. for sale by

GEO. W. HOLLAND,
129 Water Street.

American Feathered Game.

THE Subscriber proposes to publish by subscription, the following American Feathered Game, viz.—the Grouse, Pheasant, (or Partridge,) Partridge, (or Quail,) male or female, Woodcocks and Snipes.

These drawings will be made from the birds themselves of the size of life, and colored with the greatest accuracy. They will be drawn on plates 12 1/2 by 16 1/2 inches, and characteristic scenery introduced, so as to form a beautiful picture.

It appears to the publisher that a paper of this kind is wanting in a country abounding so plentifully with this species of game; and, as no attempt has ever been made to depict our game birds in the proposed style, he hopes at least sufficient encouragement will be given to authorise the publication, even should no profit accrue to the publisher.

As the publisher has always felt an interest and pride in these birds, no pains will be spared to make the drawings perfect representations of the originals, and creditable to himself and his country; and as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers shall be obtained, the drawings will be commenced, and the plates issued as they are published, to subscribers, and in separate pasteboard scrolls with covers, to prevent injury.

These five plates will constitute those birds which are the chief objects of the pursuit in the sportsman; but, as it seems desirable to introduce a water bird among so many land birds, the *canvass back Duck* may be added to the list, if those who subscribe to the former will authorise it.

Those who may wish to subscribe, will please send their names and addresses to the subscriber at as early a period as possible, stating whether they will take the five or six plates. Persons residing in distant towns will do well to join with some of their neighbors, as several subscriptions in one place will make it an object to form an agency there, to whom the plates may be sent, and payment made for the same.

In order to place the thing on a favorable footing and remove all difficulties from the minds of those who intend to subscribe, the publisher states, that they are at liberty to withdraw their subscriptions for the remainder of the plates, after the delivery of the first drawing, should it not equal their expectations or prove satisfactory; but failure to notify the publisher within one month after the receipt of the same, will be deemed by him an assent on their part, to take the whole originally subscribed for.

Terms $1 25 each plate, beautifully colored and in pasteboard cases, to be paid for on delivery.

All communications must be *post paid*, and addressed to the subscriber, No. 5 Library street, Philadelphia. JNO. DOUGHTY.

Subscriptions received by WM. STODART, No. 6 Courtlandt street, New-York.

TEMPLE OF HYGEIA, 125 *Pearl-street, Between Chatham and Broadway.*—Dr. ANDREWS—Member of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, Student of the University of Edinburgh, and some years a Medical Officer in the [illegible] Marine Hospitals, &c. &c.—Where he has had ample opportunities of witnessing the practice of the most experienced of the faculty, together with his own observations during the last twenty years, the greater portion of which has been spent in this quarter of the globe, continues to give his advice for diseases of a *Delicate Nature*, Ulcers, &c. He does not deem it necessary to offend the [illegible] by [illegible] (as is too [illegible] in public advertisements,) the [illegible] well understood by all con[illegible] Dr. *Andrew* [illegible] *Mercuri*[illegible] most of [illegible] supposed to be [illegible] the effects of [illegible]—Thousands [illegible] after years of suf[illegible] of that *Poison*[illegible] to the *plan of Treat*[illegible] been founded on [illegible] the Immortal Aber[illegible] affections *cured* in a [illegible] All [illegible] to be effec[illegible] patients [illegible] in any part of the [illegible] describing the dis[illegible] fee [illegible] denomination, to [illegible] a11

NEW-YORK.

Saturday Morning, April 21, 1832.

☞ Subscriptions, Communications, &c. for this paper, received by Messrs. PEABODY & Co No. 233 Broadway, adjoining the American Hotel.

CORPORATION DINNER!

With all due gravity, reverence and respect, we come before the goodly citizens of this great and wonderful metropolis, to solicit in behalf of the worthy fathers of the city, a public dinner, at their expense. We make our appeal not only to the body corporate, but to the *thousands* of our readers, for the justice of this claim; for what city in the world can compare with ours for the judgment, temperance, good living or uselessness of its Corporation, and what one in this hemisphere can compete with ours in *Wall Hall* or even a *City Clock*?

Mud is supposed, and generally believed to be a mixture of water and earth. Any gentleman doubting this can examine his pantaloons from the knees downwards; if he has lost the power within a week, he will find a sufficient quantity of the article, to enable him to make an accurate experiment of what ingredients the said conglomerated mass is composed. The ladies, bless the dear creatures, have not been out for the week, in consequence, as the woful visages of the bipeds 'yclept dandies, bear ample testimony; and the "watered silks" of the belle as well as the colored paraphernalia of the beaux, give token of the falling away in price of this article of trade, owing to the present overflooded state of the market. Verily could a tax be levied of a penny per load on what is now lying in our streets, it would be sufficient to pay not only the expenses of the city government, but enable the writer of this, with the residue, to treat his friends to a supper at *Delmonicos'*; "a consummation most devoutly to be wished."

Hogs, in every variety, from the "entire swine," to the "shoat," from the "long-tail'd sow to the short-tail'd pig," can at any time, and without expence or comfort, be seen perambulating our streets, regardless entirely of the condition of the walking, and have even been known frequently to dispute the benefit of the side walks with a *rather* different class of animals. This privileged race, not content with making the streets their promenading ground, to the manifest danger of soiling silks, satins, &c. to say nothing of tripping up the heels of passengers, have lately, as if by preconcert, entered into an alliance, offensive and defensive, to cultivate the grounds of the Park, with their noses, and to root, range and riot therein as seemeth them good. This is called the "freedom of the city." The ordinance prohibiting their street-walking has been therefore rendered inoperative and useless, save in the upper section of the city, where the carts and captors are at work, creating much querimonious music; and the swinish multitude, with bristling boldness, strut as consequentially about the "centre of attraction," as if they had a prescriptive right, like the biped race, to do just as they please. In this fierce struggle for supremacy between the pigs and the public, the former have not shewed their teeth in vain; and the latter, armed as they are by municipal edicts, must yield the sovereignty of the city to the swine, unless the whole park of legal artillery can be brought to bear against them.

We cannot but reflect what must be the feelings of those poor fellows, in "durance vile," who from their receptacle of woe gaze through the grated windows of their prison house, upon the scenes of liberty and joy around, and see animals of a meaner race ranging at large, in defiance of the law and its penalties, while they are cooped up within *stone* [illegible]. A fine comment on the law truly, when the men are locked up and the pigs let loose—the swine at liberty and their owners in prison! This is what we call "going the whole hog."

OUR CITY CLOCK* is not by any means to be looked up to by any citizen without [illegible] in keeping with his own. To [illegible] the Corporation have got up one which will [illegible] them, and perpetuate their fame to the remotest generations; though it has unwittingly been the course of great laughter and fun to some and of curses both loud and deep to others.

A merchant in Broadway has to pay a note at 3 o'clock; he happens to cast his eye up to the "city regulator," and to his infinite horror finds it 4 o'clock, while his own chronometer assures him it is but three. He imagines it useless to wend his way to Wall street. The bank is closed—his note is protested, and although a moneyed man, barely escapes ruin, from the claims of his creditors pouring in all at once without any preparation to meet them.

Another being engaged to dine at 4, with a friend, and having unfortunately left his watch at home, is dependent on the Corporation clock. At the appointed hour he reaches the mansion of his friend, just in time to learn that he has dined, and had set off in his Stanhope for Cato's.

A young gentleman who figured very prominently in the balls last winter at Charraud's and betrothed to a fashionable belle, was engaged to call with her on some family friends, as a sort of preparatory introduction to a nearer relationship. The time was set at 3 he was to join her. His patent lever the day before he had left with Gelston; passing through Chamber street he observed by the City clock that it was near 4 o'clock, what was to be done, he should be late at best, but thinking of the adage, "better late than never," he hurried [illegible] straight and reaching the residence of his "belle love" began to apologise in the most abject confusion for his tardiness. Imagine his surprise on learning that it was but a few minutes past 2, he thought he could not be mistaken—he certainly was not at the champagne supper the night before and how the deuce could he have made so ridiculous a mistake! He again begged pardon, and left determined not again to be in such a hurry. Some time after, walking up Broadway in front of the Park, he observed it was nearly 3; but to object to his morning's mishap, he was not so anxious to meet his intended too early, and so strolling leisurely on towards the "place of meeting," at last reached the [illegible] of his [illegible] A pretty [illegible] he had made of it with the aid of the Corporation, it was about 5 o'clock, and his mistress imagining that his reason for calling so early and then neglecting her at the time appointed, was only owing to his want of the "tender passion," or the effects of dissipation, had concluded with the advice of her friends to *indite a certain note*, &c. for his especial benefit and behoof, and with it was handed also a certain casket of *bijouterie*, which contributed very sensibly to produce that "elongation of countenance," for which he has since been so much remarked. Thus was a splendid match broken off on account of the fathers of the city having made such efforts to *please* [illegible]

A "knowing one" who prides himself on his repeater, and had compared it with the clock (on the east side) and found it right was *taken in* by a friend who was "up to the thing," in a way we shall take the liberty to relate, as a beacon to all others interested:—

A met B at Palmo's, and after drinking their coffee, B asked A what's o'clock? "12 and 5 minutes," was the answer; says B, "I'll bet you an oyster supper it's 2." "Done," says A, "we'll have it to night; and I'll prove to you by the 'City Hall Clock' that I've got the *true time*." B, who we said before, was up to a thing or so took A round to the *south* side, when lo! on comparing the two "time keepers," they were found to vary about two hours. A, it is unnecessary to state, was dumb with astonishment, and the same evening was obliged to "*tip the brickles*."

Thus, all these dire mysteries having seen and shared," does it not behoove us as good citizens to "be up and doing." If the Corporation will not listen to our wishes or complaints, what course is more likely to induce them to do than to get up a *Grand Corporation Dinner?* When they have tasted our turtle, our venison, our champaigne, our liquors, and all that sort o' thing, *then* they can refuse us nothing—and we should have the pleasure to see once more clean streets, without pigs, and a city clock, lit up in the evening, that kept the same time all around; a meeting should then be held in front of the Park, and every street inspector and commissioner hog reeve and dog killer should receive at the hands of the people a *Leather Medal*, in return for the benefits resulting from the *Corporation Dinner*.

*Our Corporation have raised the salary of the person, who has charge of the clock on the City Hall, and in *consequence*, there has been for some days, a difference of *three hours* between the hands on the south face and the others. Suppose they raise the salary a peg higher—the same difference will probably then exist between the north and east dials—thus we should have a fair division instead of three to one as the case now stands.—*Courier*.

SPORTING NEWS, &c.—Our sheet will be found this week to contain a greater variety of matter, interesting to general readers and more particularly to lovers of Field and others sports, than has ever been the case. Since our last we have received SKINNER'S *American Turf Register and Sporting Magazine*, and DOUGHTY'S *Cabinet of Natural History, and American Rural Sports*, with a variety of other periodicals, from which we have made very copious extracts, in order to lay before our friends at the earliest hour, the many choice articles they contain; to do this we have been obliged to omit several communications and Editorials, and matters which shall be attended to in our next.

FASHION AT WASHINGTON.—"The number of visiters that still continue to flock to Washington is incredible. People of business and people of fashion are equally numerous in our public places—private soirees—the capitol and the halls of debate. Last evening there were a couple of large private parties, and more I believe are on the carpet. New beauties from all points of the compass continue to flit across our horizon. The Spring at Washington is fast becoming as fashionable a place of resort as Saratoga or Ballston is in the summer and fall."

We regret to learn that all our subscribers were not served last week. The carriers left the office at 5 A. M. on Saturday morning with a sufficient number of papers, and had we known that any were missed, we should have immediately sent round another. Our patrons who may hereafter fail to receive the paper, will oblige us by leaving a note at the Post Office, which will be promptly attended to. If any expense can remedy the evil, they shall not again have cause for complaint.

We find the following in a late Ohio paper: The two-legged puppy who had the impudence to persevere in escorting a young lady home from singing school, the other evening, after she had politely informed him that she was provided with company, may rest assured that should he repeat the like offence, he shall be compelled to breakfast the next morning on the tail of one of Stinner Snyder's toughest cowskins.

[illegible]

SIMON OXFORD.

☞ It is with great pleasure that we announce to our readers the arrival from London of Mrs HOWARD. This talented lady will be a valuable acquisition to Mr. Hamblin's already unrivalled Company. She is announced to appear in a few days in the character of [illegible] in C. W. Taylor's popular Drama of *The Water Witch*.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We have the pleasure to acknowledge communications from our Sporting friends at Prairie du Chien, Cantonment Leavenworth, Missouri, from Pensylvania, Vermont Creek nation, Georgia, and Ohio, for which they will please accept our thanks. We have also to acknowledge several from our city friends, [illegible] who curses the Park, and lauds Mr Forrest we have no room for; we had a hearty laugh over "*The Comet*," and thus much are obliged [illegible] have a place next week, as well as "L. P." and "Andrew Single."

AM. TURF REGISTER.—We beg leave to recommend to our Sporting friends the periodical bearing this name, and can assure them that it even excels in interest any foreign publication of the class we receive. The number for April is most excellent, and well calculated to sustain the high character of the work, for all that is interesting in matters relating to the Turf, Field Sports, &c &c. It is published monthly by J. S. Skinner Esq. Baltimore, at $5 per annum in advance.

LAUNCH.—This morning will be launched, (if fair weather,) at about half past 11 o'clock, from the yard of Messrs. C. Bergh & Co. the ship *Orpheus*. This vessel is 560 tons register, her model is upon the most approved modern style for swiftness and capacity, and in every respect she is unsurpassed by any ship ever launched. The Orpheus is built for and will be commanded by Capt. N. Cobb, and is intended for a Liverpool packet.

SPORTING VARIETIES.

Original and Selected.

SALMON TROUT.

Salmon Trout have been sold in the Boston market the past week, two of which weighed 22 lbs. The editor of the Transcript, who gives this account, says, "such a pair was never before seen in the Boston market; the largest (weighing 13 lbs.) is said to have been without parallel." To this we beg leave to demur. We saw a larger one *there*, or at least in that city, in 1826, he was caught in the Merrimac river, near Haverhill,—was put on board the stage in which was the writer of this paragraph, and sent to Boston. He was indeed a most beautiful and rare one, weighing nearly 18 lbs. and was caught, queer enough, in a seine. "The salmon trout of Winnipiseogee lake weigh only from 2 1-2 to 6 lbs." says the Transcript. Wonder if he ever cast his line in that lake, for if not, then we can assure him, that he has yet to see "*all* the fun this world affords," for it is indeed most excellent fishing. You do not have many *bites*, but when you *do*, it's no boy's play—a desperate lunge, which will nearly wrench your rod from your grasp, and you may draw up a "screamer," weighing 3 to 4 lbs. Gen P[illegible] late of Hanover, N. H. we recollect, remained nearly two days there, and caught besides several eleven ones, two that weighed 9 lbs. The two before treated of, are said to have been taken in Sebago pond near Portland, Me. We have a friend there, who has promised to send us the result of a Trotting excursion of several days he is about taking. No state in the Union affords better fishing than Maine, and if John Neal, gent of "Yankee" memory, will recollect us, we will forward him a rod, (not a pickled one) and some "flies, frogs and hooks" that shall set his eyes "in a fine frenzy rolling." What would not have tempted old Izaak Walton, or the more contemplative Sir Humphrey Davy have given for an afternoon's sport in Messilonskee, Sebago, St George, or Winnipiseogee lakes. Aye for even an hour! How much would they have enjoyed the unbroken silence, the calm deep solitude of the clear and shadowed water stocked with innumerable varieties of the "finny tribe," so easily hooked, and of so delicious a flavor. We look forward with pleasure to the day when we may again fill our basket from the lakes and brooks of N. England, and while we cherish the fond hope, will end this passing article with the following pretty lines given to us by a friend, where he abstracted them, we neither know nor care—they are evidently from some poet of the "Lake School," though inscribed.

TO A RIVULET.

Merry brook!
Upon thy margin green, how [illegible]
When I did loiter here to [illegible]
With line and hook!

Thou singest still,
That same light hearted song [illegible]
When life to me had not a jarring string
Nor painful ill!

Thy silent strand,
Seemed thus profusely paved with yellow gold!
That gold is now but poor and worthless mould
But shining sand.

I wonder then
Why human life was ever like the sea,
Vexed by the frantic noise eternally,
Of angry men!

It seemed to me—
'Twere better if the course of human life
Moved like thy current without noise or strife
On to the sea!

Babbling stream,
Full many a pensive thought of early days
Is wedded unto thy bewildering maze
And cheerful gleam.

Favorite brook!
I have even now to prove the [illegible]
Upon thy [illegible]
And on [illegible]

CENTREVILLE TROTTING COURSE.

The Spring Races over the Centreville Trotting Course, will commence on Tuesday the 8th of May, and continue two days.

First day—At 1 o'clock, three mile heats, under the saddle, carrying 145 lbs. Purse $300. At 3 o'clock, a match race for $500.

Second day—At 1 o'clock, three mile heats, in harness, carrying 145 lbs. Purse $200. At 3 o'clock, two mile heats under the saddle, free for trotters, pacers, and amblers, carrying 145 lbs. Purse $200.

The riders to be dressed in Jockey Style.

By order of the President.

In the course of a dispute which is going on between two rival sporting Magazines, into the merits of which, on either side, we do not profess to enter, it is stated that a single contributor to one of them drew, in six years, no less a sum than £7,000. If such were really the case, the gentlemen in question cannot be said to have had [illegible] sport.

THE SPORTSMAN'S [illegible].—As the vernal season approaches, heralded by singing birds and scattering flowers on the way, we hear the notes of preparation for enjoying its congenial sports and pastimes. The sober angler, with an air of sedateness that belongs to his patient pursuit, has been seen quietly overlooking and repairing his rods, his lines, his hook and his flies. *One* in particular, who always takes time by the forelock, is having a boat built by Cummings on Fell's Point, in his best style—to be called the *Shooting Star*. [illegible] perfect [illegible] in her way!—the like whereof has not been seen in modern times. Some speculative citizens have imagined that this very craft [illegible] for something [illegible]

[illegible]

The gay and gallant equestrians have their plans [illegible] Central Course on Saturdays [illegible] of the Jockey Club [illegible]

Such as have not already provided [illegible] are looking out for the [illegible] cheerful rivalry will be, Who shall [illegible] and, Who can best ride the best horse with all its furniture most exactly [illegible]

DUCK SHOOTING IN TENNESSEE is an object of much amusement. They are found in ponds—a sportsman of Nashville from the 24 to the 13 of January, killed 75 ducks at 25 shots. With us it is hardly accounted sport to shoot any thing on the water, but there [illegible] into our rivers, and forests, especially canvass backs. A small party has killed two and three hundred in a day.

NEW RACE COURSE.—The last of which we have notice was [illegible] at Savannah, Georgia [illegible] propitious of promoting [illegible] with slight alterations, the rules of the Maryland Jockey Club, and have elected the following officers:

George W. Owens, (who declined serving) *President*—J. P. Henry, *First Vice President*—M. Myers, *Second Vice President*—Richard D. Arnold, *Secretary*—Jonas Olmstead, *Treasurer*—George T. Wilson, John Millen, C. Spalding, Thos Minis and J. Ker, *Stewards*—Henry K. Alpin, W. P. Wilson and J. Minis, *Timers*.

We have the promise of being favored with a regular official account of their races, and we hope the first step of this highly respectable club will be to have their course established, according to the recommendation of the Maryland Jockey Club, as heretofore published.

Mr Samuel Strider, equi-distant from Charlestown, Harper's Ferry and Shepherdstown, has advertised to open a training stable on the 10th ult. and proposes to establish a jockey club. We should like to see the gentlemen of that vicinity, generally take it in hand, being persuaded that every circumstance exists there that could be desired to insure success, after a few years perseverance. But whatever may be the zeal and tact of an individual, the club should should be gotten up by, and kept in the hands of *gentlemen* of liberal spirit and character.

Sweepstake Races.—A sweepstake race for $100 entrance, h. f. for three year old colts and fillies will be run for over Samuel Strider's course on the third Tuesday in May next. [illegible] made with Daniel Entler, [illegible] with Samuel Strider.

MR. EDITOR, *Winchester Va. Dec. 9, 1832*.
We have it in contemplation to raise a club—second only to yours in Baltimore, and should you hold out sufficient inducement next fall, you may expect some of our nags, as our races have been done in as good time as good time as yours.
Sport. Mag. F. Z.

EQUESTRIANISM.—The following will rank high among the equestrian performances of the day—a gentleman undertook to ride from Huntingdon to Birmingham (Eng.) and back in twelve hours, on seven horses, not prepared, but such as could be procured by him on the road, at what distance suited; to receive no assistance in mounting or dismounting, and to be clad in what dress he pleased; to pay his expenses on the road as in ordinary journeys. The match came off on Wednesday, the 11th Dec. 1831, and was done in ten hours and a quarter, distance 174 miles.—One horse (his own) had gone a distance of fifteen miles a few hours previous, and lost an hour, or nearly so, was lost at Coventry in procuring a suitable horse.—*Eng. Sport. Mag.*

TWELVE MATCHES.—These are matches where the guns are laid on the table, and not touched until the string is pulled and the pigeon on the wing. At a table [illegible] between five of the Maidstone, and five of the Aston club, at nine birds, each—

Killed		Killed	
Messrs. Bulbeck,	[illegible]	Messrs. Osborne,	[illegible]
" Marchant,	[illegible]	" Jennings,	[illegible]
" Marsden,	[illegible]	" Owen,	[illegible]
" Mason,	[illegible]	" Jones,	[illegible]
		" Moore,	[illegible]

[illegible] MARRIAGE [illegible]—In a parish near Edinburgh, the whole neighborhood [illegible] Miss [illegible] to Mr. [illegible] and the bridesmaid Miss [illegible]. The [illegible] were extracted by J. [illegible] parish clerk.

FISH.—Lake Erie has disclosed during the past winter and spring a new source of commercial and profit to the disciples of Isaac Walton. A fish, hitherto unknown, or nearly so, among us, [illegible] are of the [illegible] weigh from seven or eight to about thirty pounds in weight. They have been caught [illegible] authority we know not. They are of a darker colour than the shad [illegible] small, and are [illegible] their whole length, with a [illegible] The stranger [illegible] of delicious flavor, as most of our [illegible] By data furnished us [illegible] we find they have taken no less than 17,547 lbs. of the new comers the past winter.—*[illegible] Journal.*

ANECDOTE OF THE LATE KING.—One day when the late King was hunting with his royal Father near Windsor, he perceived a very great dandy amongst the field, and inquired who he was? He was informed that he was in the habit of attending the hunt in the very first style, and had been taken by the country people for some Lord, but that in fact he was no other than a very rich tanner. "Well," said the then Prince of Wales, "let him pass off for a Lord if he likes—we will call him Lord Hide—the title sounds very well indeed."—George the Third heard of this and laughed heartily at it, and the tanner got this nick name ever after.—*English Sporting Magazine.*

MR. OSBALDESTON.—This celebrated English Sportsman has given a third challenge, and it is stated that a match has been made, to come off on the 1st March, between him and Mr. Payne, the former to trot one of his American horses in harness against a horse of Mr. Payne's, and to stake 1000 sovs. to 500—the distance is 60 miles. Mr O. is the favorit.

We learn that the Stamford Races are fixed for the New market July meeting. The Stewards are, the Marquis of Exeter and Henry Dawson, Esq. Nearly all the stakes close on the 1st March, and, from the respectable entry, much good sport is anticipated.

A fight took place in the early part of the week, between Thomas Cox and Robert Burton, in the neighborhood of Orford, which was won by the former in fifteen rounds.

Woodhouse, who fought Dan M'Kenny, is prepared to make a match with John Clay, for £40 a side. His money will be ready at the Spotted Dog, Clement's lane, on Thursday evening, when he will set [illegible] man of his weight.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The [illegible] of Boston [illegible] he did not play well [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] *Fete* [illegible] ill [illegible] College, in [illegible] company with several of his colleagues [illegible] "broken winded horse" he brought [illegible] what would he advise?—After [illegible] a moment, "By the powers," said he, [illegible] the owner to [illegible] as soon as [illegible]

PEDESTRIANISM.—Mr. John Woolgett, aged 22, of Bampton, recently undertook for a wager to run eighteen miles within three hours on the Holt and Dereham road. He ran the first mile in seven minutes, the first nine miles in an hour and ten minutes, and accomplished his whole task with ease, considerably within the given time.—*Eng. Sport Mag.*

ROWTON—the winner of the St Leger in 1829, in England, has been bought by Mr. Chifney for 1000 pounds.

"THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS."—On the 9th inst. Mr. Timothy Sheldon discovered a large [illegible] about two miles from this city—to which he gave chase, and after a warm pursuit of nearly a mile, overtook and despatched him. He weighed 25lbs. and his skin was valued at $9. It is the first animal of the kind which has been seen in this vicinity for 40 years. He probably took advantage of the spring flood—to make a visit to the "land of Steady Habits."—*Hartford Review.*

MISCELLANEA.

Colman told an apothecary lately who brought him in a heavy charge for *medicine and visits*, that he could *return his visits*, and *dispense* with his *medicines*.

SYMPTOMS OF CHOLERA MORBUS.

"I dont think," says Bill, "them 'ere chaps with their spires,
Was attacked us just now had a notion to rob us."
"No," says Tom, "but I think they have cotch'd the disease;
Which seem'd strongly inclining to 'collar' and 'mob us.'"

A sailor passing by a shop in Dublin, where they made small dolls, observed on the sign "Little children made here," immediately stepped in and asked if they wanted a *Journeyman*.

EXTRAORDINARY BIRTH.—The following extraordinary birth appears in a late number of the London Times: "On the 29th ult. the lady of P. C. Toker, Esq. of a daughter; on the 30th ult. the lady of Charles Berkley, Esq. of *Montague place, Russell square*."

A gentleman seeing a lady holding an act of parliament before her face to keep the fire off said she was like an insolvent debtor, *she was taking the benefit of the act*.

CHEAP PUBLICATION.—An Irishman seeing a work advertised, entitled "Endless Amusements," remarked, that it would be a cheap work to whoever could live *long enough* to read it.

"Hold your tongue *for a fool*," said an amiable lady to her lord one evening, in a little family party. "I am silent," he replied, "as *your ladyship* is about to speak."

KENNY THE DRAMATIST.—Mr. K. was travelling in Ireland, when the roads had been tended by the "finest *pisantry* in the world," and of course were nearly impassable. Suddenly Kenny, who writes better than he rides, was thrown off. "Hollo!" said his friend, "that is not the way to *Cork*." "No," said K. "but its the way to *Kill Kenny*."

A [illegible].—A Printer's Devil, belonging to one of the daily prints, being ordered to leave a paper with —— in order that he might see the piece which he wrote for it, carried it up to *the garret* very naturally, concluding that that was the residence of *the author*.

The Street Commissioner has commenced sweeping the streets. The [illegible] throats frequently.

The Post has discovered an infallible remedy [illegible] Boswell's [illegible] carrying [illegible]

According to the New York American it was not Johnson, but the great Dennis, who said that a man who would make a pun would pick a pocket.

The following is the manner in which a child told her father that his favorite dog's tail was cut off. "*Pa, poor Pompey won't be able to wag his tail any more.*"—*Transcript.*

On the 4th inst. the editor of the New Hampshire Spectator bid farewell to *carts*, till next June, there being 6 inches of snow on the ground.

An Ourang Outang is a highly important personage in Walter Scott's late novel of "Count Robert of Paris."

It is said the Grasshoppers are "alive and kicking," in Hallowell.

The Connecticut Herald is printed on pink paper.

The weather has been very cold for a week past.

A box of tin was lost yesterday from a wagon. It is supposed that somebody found it, as the driver says nobody could have stolen it without his knowing it.

There was a fetal odor in the vicinity of City Hall last evening. Some foolish boy probably turned the cock of a gas pipe.

A boy was seen driving an iron hoop in New York last week. Boston boys generally drive wooden hoops.

The editor of the Gallatin (Tenn.) Journal offers to sell one half of his establishment for $500. Dirt cheap.

The public are cautioned against adulated drops. There is no telling what they are made of.

The Kennebec is still closed with ice, and there is no prospect of its being open for a week to come.

"In Liston's performances," says a weekly critic, "we observe no trace of mind, his strength lies in his physical (should not this be *phiz-ical*?) capability."

AWFUL WARNING TO [illegible].—A young man named Drummond, of Kingston, U. C. was choked to death, recently, by a piece of beef sticking in his throat, while eating his dinner.

The authorities of Philadelphia have commenced to put the extremity of the law against dogs into operation.

The following [illegible] is copied from the Baltimore Patriot.

[illegible]—The [illegible] who put himself [illegible] so much trouble last evening at the Museum [illegible] the [illegible] which [illegible] can have the remaining part of the [illegible] by applying to S. W. M. through the Patriot or Post office.

KEAN, the actor, after a career of success as an actor, unexampled since the days of Garrick, and after having gained by his profession, and spent [illegible] amounts of £[illegible], is at length in [illegible] a [illegible] man. He states his [illegible] project to be [illegible] of so much wealth as will enable him to pass the evening of his life in tranquility at his cottage in the Isle of Bute.—*Morning Chronicle.*

AN ANTI-MATRIMONIAN.—The following is an extract of an advertisement which lately appeared in the Morning Herald:—"A young woman neat and tidy in her person, is desirous of a situation, as *head or under* woman to a lady. She [illegible] *to a child.*"

A new work, with the singular title of *Rat!* will appear shortly. It is by a provincial young [illegible] of great promise.

The [illegible] of the city of Boston has issued a [illegible] that he will fine them ten dollars for every offence against the law, by smoking a cigar in the street.

THE DRAMA.

NEW YORK THEATRICALS.

To the theatrical world, the past week has been full of interest; we have had on our boards the greatest attraction—the most brilliant constellation of stars, &c. that has come under our observation this season. Messrs. Blanchard, Hamblin and Butler, with Misses Vincent and Clifton at the American; Mrs. and Miss Duff at the Richmond Hill, and Messrs. Forrest and Maywood at the Park, have we believe drawn full houses every night; indeed it has been remarked by a number well acquainted with these things, that the profits have been greater this week at the united establishments, than has been the case for a number of years.

It was remarked a few weeks since, by several of the daily prints, that the present had been a "disastrous season" with the managers; this was true—and the publication of it has had a good effect. The managers to save themselves have been untiring in their exertions to find a remedy, in new pieces, actors, &c. and to this are the public indebted for the present galaxy of talent engaged, while they of course are reaping the benefit of those hints. They were not unconscious that there "is a tide in the affairs of men, which taken at the flood leads on to fortune," and acting on this principle, when they found themselves supported by an intelligent community, they were disposed to be more liberal in their offers, and thus while we have enjoyed chaste and finished acting, they to our great joy have been filling their pockets; they may assure themselves that nothing is lost by *keeping even* with the public. Give us good acting and we will give you full houses.

AMERICAN.

Last Saturday, Mr. Butler appeared in Shakspeare's comedy of Merchant of Venice, as Shylock, which he performed with considerable credit. It was rather unfortunate for Mr. B. who ranks among our first second rates, that he should attempt a part which Booth has played at this house so frequently. Had he "exceeded himself," he could not have borne a comparison; but "comparisons are odious," and we will remark *en passant*, that his personation was on the whole, very much to the satisfaction of his auditors.

Mr BLANCHARD as Launcelot, was of course at home; his style of acting, so new, and so entirely at variance with our established usages, was faultless, and nothing could be in better keeping: we hope and trust our younger members of the corps will take example, as they may not again see his equal—we never did. His engagement will greatly contribute to the improvement of the taste of our theatre going public, and we hope to see his successors improved by his manner at once so happy and so dignified.

MOTHER GOOSE, has been brought out in a style above praise. Those who might not have been pleased with it on its representation last season, would now be delighted, at least we confess ourselves *gothic* enough to think so; almost half the scenes are entirely new, with new dresses, music, and last not least a new *goose*, (or the covering or skin of one) has been sent out from England, which Master Mestayer fills to the life; he is the most promising goslin on the boards.

Mr. GAY, as well as his pretty *cara sposa* are fine dancers, and perform their parts to admiration, he has however been uniformly unfortunate in the "rum and wheelbarrow" scene—we would recommend him to put a little "tar on the wheel," for the effect, which otherwise would be fine is destroyed. Mr. HADAWAY'S Mother Goose is very respectable; Mr. BUCKLEY'S Clown is the best thing we have seen altogether; he kept the audience in a roar—the mortar scene is inimitable, his "stuck pig," squealed his part to the great delight of those in the pit. Miss JOHNSON as Colinette, (afterwards Columbine) did herself honor, she is acknowledged on all hands to be as beautiful [illegible] success and [illegible] Mr [illegible] scenes, [illegible] for his liberality in getting it up [illegible]

Romeo and Juliet was performed on Monday and repeated on Wednesday evening to crowded and fashionable audiences. In Mr HAMBLIN'S Romeo there is much to admire. In the terrace scene, so rarely played well, from misconception of the part, he was indeed perfect. In several others too, particularly the parting scene with Juliet, and the last we hardly ever saw equalled—never surpassed. Though Virginius we consider his *forte*, yet we cannot apply to him as Romeo, those lines of the immortal Shakspeare commencing with

"Superfluous lags the veteran on the stage;"—

His readings were unusually happy and the acting was *Hamblin's*—need we—can we say more.

MISS VINCENT.—We know not how to express our opinion of this young lady. If we say she was *perfect*, would it not be *too* much?—but to repeat she did *well*, would it not look as if we intended to "damn her with faint praise?" She was neither perfect nor did she merely "act *well* her part," for she was *almost* perfect, and with a little more experience will be quite so. Her acting has a charm from the fact that she is barely sixteen—that she is a beautiful and highly accomplished young lady—that she has the prettiest foot in the world—that she is teased to death by the beaux—in fact, that she is the most promising *debutante* in this country. We said before that her personation of Juliet, was not perfect; we say so now, but do not believe with the exception of Mrs. Duff, that it can be played better, on our boards. Miss Fanny Kemble possibly would excell beyond comparison, but we doubt it. In one scene (act, 3d—scene 3d) when she repeats,

"Come phial.—
What if this mixture do not work at all?
Must I of force be married to the county?
No, no:—this shall forbid it:—lie thou there, &c

And also when reciting the following lines, immediately succeeding,

"O look! methinks I see my cousin's ghost
Seeking out Romeo, that did spit his body
Upon a rapier's point:—Stay, Tybalt, stay!
Romeo, I come! this do I drink to thee."

We never saw Juliet's character better conceived, more deeply felt, or nearly so well performed. The effect was electrifying—tremendous. A "three times three" at a 4th of July dinner was nothing to it. The house was in raptures and the scene will ever hold a place in the memories of a delighted audience.

PARK.

The tragedy of Othello was performed on Wednesday evening, for the benefit of Mr. Forrest; and notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather he was greeted with a bumper, which after all we must ever consider the best criticism on an actor's performances. Editors may praise or censure from interest or spite, but the approbation of the public is usually spontaneous and disinterested. It is our own opinion that the personation of the Moor was a masterly piece of acting. Mr. Forrest may have his faults, (who has them not?) but these faults weigh but little when put in the scale against his excellencies. He has embraced a profession that requires much mental and bodily discipline, which we doubt not his ambition will lead him to practice.

RICHMOND HILL.

COMMUNICATION.

Mr Russell brings out his original drama of EUGENE ARAM this evening. Of course, we cannot pretend to speak of its dramatic merits; but if it be equal in interest to the story on which it is founded, or to the novel of Bulwer from which (we presume) it is more immediately drawn, it cannot fail to be highly attractive. We shall endeavor to speak of it more fully in our next.

MRS DUFF has been captivating the hearts of the visitors of this theatre during the past week, by her spirited and astonishing in genteel comedy. We regret that her [illegible] is not to be of longer continuance.

Messrs. Foot and F. S. Hill have taken their departure.



The Casket.

"A nosegay of culled flowers, with nothing of our own but the thread that ties them."

WASHINGTON THEATRICALS.

A correspondent at Washington sent us the following "Farewell Address," recently spoken by Mrs. Drake, at the theatre of that city. It is from the pen—as rumour and *on dit* go—of a celebrated southern *belle*, whose parties, *bon mots*, flights of fancy, &c. &c. are considered peculiarly racy and piquant. Who is she? What's the name? We cannot tell—we will not tell—and what is more we dare not tell. Did you ever see the beautiful orange groves of Florida? A word to the wise &c.—*Ed. Phila. Album.*

FAREWELL ADDRESS,
By Mrs. ——, of Florida, delivered by Mrs. DRAKE, at the Washington Theatre.

I come not now to ask your smiles or tears,
For tragic woes, feigned joys, or fancied fears—
My part is played. The mimic scene is o'er,
I tread these friendly boards perhaps no more!
NO more! no more? Oh, no! I will not deem
That it must be no more! No! let me dream
I yet may meet these patrons kind and dear,
Whose cordial greetings bade me welcome here;
For whom my grateful heart must ever swell,
Though scarce my tongue can falter out—farewell.

Farewell! A stranger to these walls I came,
Unknown—except some slight provincial fame—
It is not as a stranger I depart,
Fond recollections twine around my heart;
And wheresoever I may chance to roam,
Next to my loved, and cherished youthful home,
Will rank this city of the fair and free;
So kind to all—so doubly kind to me!
Worthy to bear that name so loved—so prized,
To virtue dear—by freedom idolized!

Farewell! farewell! I never can forget,
Though I can never repay the boundless debt
I owe your kindness. O'er the waves afar,
Even as I meet beneath the one hanging star
That guides the seaman o'er the trackless deep,
For you will [illegible] keep;
Farewell! farewell! [illegible] what I feel
Could find [illegible] the drops that steal
To cool my burning lids (fond memory's dew)
Are all the [illegible] I have for you!

Farewell! I linger—farewell! once again,
I but protract our parting—all in vain—
Bear with me yet a moment—ere my task
Is closed—and let me one last favor ask
If on your minds could rise in after times
Some scene—some word—a thought—a vagrant rhyme
Which may recall me—if they too recall
My faults—oh! let your kindness veil them all!
Farewell! once more! oh! what a withering spell
Dwells in that one sad word—farewell! farewell!

A Lover in the days of Charles the Second.—"I laughed because she did; and the greatest pleasure I found in my books (which were the only things that pretended to occupy a thought besides) was in twisting her into every possible heroine, shape, and posture, that were to be met with in the bowers of poetry. She was Chloris, and Doris and Sacharissa, and Venus.—Venus from that day, being a buxom little girl, with a nose inclining to the turned up, and half shut eyes. So thought I, the lass of the Wedding looked, when she was going to be married:—

[illegible]

Such was [illegible] and the waist which made the poet [illegible] cry out, when he got possession of it and held it waving in the air,—

"Give me but what this ribbon bound,
Take all the rest the sun goes round."

The little rogue knew her power, and took the passion in the earnest manner in the world; that is to say, as far as she was capable of it; which was about as much at that time, as was afterwards in vogue. I was more serious; but nothing could hinder her from laughing and playing the romp. Sometimes, when I was saying tender things full of gravity, she would put on my hat, and go making a thousand antics over the green, for me to catch her. Another time she would dip her head into a great tub of water, and come shaking the curls in my face. Unfortunately, she was not unwilling to make me jealous. I was scrupulous on that point; and hence we came to have some quarrels. However we parted in July on the best terms, with exchanges of locks of hair, only she was eating a great piece of cake all the while; for which I could have beaten her."—*Sir Ralph Esher.*

Skeleton Dancing and Boxing.—The performances at the Washington Theatre, on Tuesday night were for the benefit of Corporal (not *corporeal*) Edson, the breathing skeleton. His boneship was to enact Jeremiah Thin, in the new play of Rochester, the starved Apothecary, in Romeo and Juliet, take part in a Pas de Deux, and undertake a *set-to* with Mr. Parsloe, by way of exhibiting some of the phenomena pertaining to "the noble science of self-defence." There must have been a famous "rattling among the dry bones."—*N. Y. Eve. Journal.*

Anecdote.—Captain Brown quotes a passage from Johnston's *Sketches of India*, in which the latter speaks of the playful antics of bears:—

"He began to ascend (the scaffolding) very steadily, cautiously examining, as he went along, the various parts to see that they were secure. At length, to the infinite amusement and astonishment of the workmen, he reached the summit—120 feet high. Bruin had no sooner attained the object of his wishes, than his physiognomy exhibited great self-gratulation; and he looked about him with much complacency, and inspected the building operations going on. The workmen were much amused with their novel visitor; and every mark of civility and attention was paid him, which he very condescendingly returned, by good humour'dly presenting them with a shake of his paw. A large bucket was now hoisted, in order to lower him down; and the workmen, with all due courtesy, were going to assist him into it, but he declined the accommodation, and preferred returning in the manner he had gone up. He afterwards repeated the visit."

The Ornithorhyncus.—This remarkable animal, which forms the link between the bird and beast, has a bill like a duck, and paws webbed similar to that bird; but legs and body like those of a quadruped, covered with thick, coarse hair, with a broad tail to steer by. It abounds in the rivers of New Holland, and may be seen bobbing to the [illegible] now and then to breathe, like a seal [illegible] in quest of its prey. It is believed [illegible] nest with eggs in it of [illegible] found. It has a claw on the heel of its foot, having a tube therein, through which it emits a poisonous fluid into the wound, when the claw inflicts; as when assailed it strikes its paws together, and fastens upon its enemy like a crab.—*Cunningham's New South Wales.*

Much has been said on the enormous salaries given in this country to foreign *artists*; but their is every reason to believe that there are other countries which are equally lavish, or nearly so, in rewarding acknowledged talent. Donzelli is at present fulfilling an engagement at Parma, at a salary of 12,000 francs for two months; and Pernic, [illegible] who appeared in this country as a [illegible] short time ago, now insists upon a salary of 40,000 francs (£1,600,) for an engagement of three months!—*Morning Herald.*

Rustic Wit.—A poor man having disposed of the letters of his name, according to his own fancy, upon his tax cart, was summoned for the offence, and for turning the act of parliament into ridicule, by having the following letters on his tax cart:

A MOST ODD ACT ON A TAX-CART.

The poor fellow observed that he was no scholar, but his name was Ames Todd, he lived at Acton, and he understood that he was obliged to paint the letters, "A Tax Cart."



PARODY
ON "ARABY'S DAUGHTER."

Good bye, good bye to thee, Fisherman's daughter
Thus bawl'd out an oysterman down market space;
No shad ever swam under Delaware's water
More red in its gills than was Winny's sweet face.

O, fat as an oyster within the shell dozing,
How soft was thy heart till gin's witchery came;
Like the waves of the bay all thy virtues enclosing,
And crush'd all thy beauty and wither'd thy frame.

O, long through the streets, when our business is calling
Shall oysters and fishmongers weep o'er the doom
Of her who lies deaf to our roaring and bawling,
With naught but segar to light up our gloom.

And still when the "bay and shad" season comes in,
And calls from their bed both the young and the old;
Then the fish trading craft, ay, the lover and woman,
At sunrise shall scream when thy story is told.

The gin drinking maid, while the herring she dresses,
The food of the day her last penny paid for,
When she thinks of thy fate will forget her distresses,
And mournfully turn to the bottle once more.

Nor shall Jemmy, beloved of his hero, forget thee
Though so blue by his hero [illegible] can discern,
Close, close by the neck of that hero he'll set thee
Or plunge head and heels in thy wave girdled urn.

Good bye—be it ours to think what a hard pillow
Thy soft heads is laid on—may'st thou find a shell
Large enough to protect thee from sharks of the billow,
Where thou'lt quietly sleep and enchantingly dwell.

Around thee will glisten the loveliest fishes
That ever were caught by the net or the line;
With oceans of clams, winding through the sea meshes,
Thy chamber of rest most tenaciously fine.

We'll dive—our to go down where our fortunes are creeping,
Then keep in thy home and take care of thy head;
We're loath to disturb thee, so sweetly thou'rt sleeping,
So roll away off with thy smooth oyster bed.

Good bye—good bye—until brandy's sweet fountain
Is lost to the taste of the beaux and the belles
They'll long for the hero—the dew of the mountain,
They'll do as the maid did that sleeps in that swell.

TROLLING FOR SALMON.

Being on a visit of business to the town of Williamsport, on the west branch of the Susquehannah, I was invited to accompany a friend or two on the river, to *troll for Salmon*; and being ever ready to join a fishing party, I accepted the invitation with alacrity, prepared to expect much amusement from the description I had of this mode of fishing—besides being anxious, both to see and *taste* the far famed delicacy of that noble river. Having procured a twine line of about four hundred feet in length, and attached two hooks of a proper size to one of its extremities, and then two others about an inch and a half above those that were first fastened on, with the points of all four set in opposite directions, and obtained a few small eels of a peculiar species, about three inches in length, which are found in the mud along the margin of the river, we pushed from the shore in a small row boat, and directed our course to a point a mile or two below the town, where the bright and transparent waters of the river, seemingly as pure as when they issued from their fountains, expanding and deepening, denoted a favorite haunt of the fish we were in pursuit of.

Eager as we were to engage in the amusement before us, we could not but pause to gaze on the beautiful landscape while hope led us as we glided towards the spot just alluded to. On the left of the river a long extent of level and fertile land, in high cultivation, was visible; while from the opposite bank ascended a range of lofty mountains densely covered with forest trees, exhibiting the rich and gorgeous tint which so pre-eminently distinguish our autumnal foliage, and which were reflected in all their brightness from the glassy surface of the river, as it stretched far before us with its numerous islets. Arriving at the place where we proposed to fish, the courtesy of my friends awarded to me the opportunity of trying my fortune first; and instructing me in the use of the line, I took my station in the stern of the boat. After attaching two of the little eels to the hooks I began to unwind and throw off my line; one of the party being at the oars, and gently and with as little noise as possible, propelling the boat, so as merely to keep the line upon the stretch, without allowing the bait to drag on the bottom.

The whole extent of the line being at length unwound, and the regular propulsion of the boat continued, the bait was played alternately drawing the line towards me with a quick motion, and then leaving it stationary for a few moments, until the progress of the boat brought it again on the stretch, when the same movement was repeated. But a few minutes elapsed before I felt the shock of a *bite*, when instantly jerking, and arresting the progress of the boat, I paused a moment to satisfy myself that the fish was hooked. The successive stretching and relaxation of the line confirmed my hopes, and I immediately began with due circumspection, to draw in—and now arose the high excitement which I found so particularly to characterize this sport, as expectations of a prize worth taking, and of success in securing it—mingled with apprehensions of losing it through mismanagement, occupied my thoughts; and which the reiterated cheers or admonitions of my companions as I exhibited skill or awkwardness, only tended to heighten.

The struggle for liberty and life, on the one hand, and for victory and its consequence—the *bouquet*, on the other, now commenced in earnest—and like a wary politician who often concedes a trifling advantage to secure a greater, it became necessary occasionally to allow him a few yards of line, and to watch favorable opportunities to recover it, with more. The resistance made by my captive was not, however, very vehement at first, for after making an unsuccessful effort to disengage himself in one direction, he would permit himself to be drawn passively for a few feet towards the boat, before he would repeat his attempt, and then, as though he had paused to collect his strength, he would shoot off laterally with the utmost velocity, until his career would again be arrested. At one moment he might be seen struggling on the surface, and then in an instant darting towards the bottom, where he would remain quiet for a little time, as if anxious to secrete himself until the stretching of the line would re-awaken all his fears, and rouse him to renewed exertions. On nearing the boat, and as soon as we became visible, his efforts were redoubled and unceasing, darting about in every direction, and sometimes with such impetus as to make the line whistle as it cut the water. Having brought him within a few yards of the boat the utmost caution in playing him was now indispensable, lest his violent and unceasing efforts should tear out the hold of the hooks, and enable him to escape. Exhausted at last in some degree, by his exertions, I seized a favorable moment when near the surface and as he was dashing by, to vary a little his course, and aided by his own impulse, to hoist him into the boat; having the gratification to find my prize to be a fine salmon of a large size.

Again baiting our hooks, we continued our amusement for several hours, pursuing the same method, and with like success, carrying with us to town a number of these delicious fish, which were served before us next day at dinner, and whose exquisite flavor was heightened by all the appliances that skilful cookery and the most piquant sauces could confer.

In conclusion, I must add my testimony to that of many epicures, in pronouncing the salmon of the Susquehannah one of the greatest luxuries of the fish kind, equaling, if not surpassing in richness and delicacy, even the trout of the lakes.

Sporting Magazine.



SOUTHERN RACES.

Adams Co. (Miss.) Jockey Club Races commenced Dec. 28, 1831. The first day, four mile heats, free for all horses, was won by Col. Bingaman's Fatchohama, in two heats beating Medley and Sir William. Time, 8m. 18s—8m. 5s.

Second Day, three mile heats. Col. Bingaman's Red Rover, five years old, Mr. Finstra's Volcano, four years old, and Mr. Perkins' Stockholder, five years old were entered as competitors. The weather was delightful, and the track in fine order; hundreds attended, anticipating great sport, nor were they disappointed. Rover against the field!

At the tap they all got off well together, and in hand—Rover leading, Volcano second, followed closely by Stockholder, and continued thus for the first two miles and a half. Upon approaching the third turn in the third mile, Volcano closed up and passed Rover on the turn, and was immediately followed by Stockholder, who succeeded in passing Volcano, and winning the heat. Rover dropped within the distance stand. Time, 6m. 26s.

Upon the signal being sounded for the 2d heat all the horses again appeared at the post, and got off in the same order as the first. Rover seemed more in earnest, and the pace was a better one. At the last turn in the third mile Volcano passed Rover, and locked Stockholder, who gave way, and took the heat by several feet. Rover just within the distance again. Time, 6m. 7s.

It was now clear that Stockholder's chance was out, and he was withdrawn. Hitch and even betting between Rover and Volcano.

Third Heat.—Neither horse showed any symptoms of distress. Their unruffled appearance—elastic step, and burning eye, portrayed their eagerness for the contest. The signal sounded, and off went the competitors. The Rover's rider evidently had all sail set, determined to show no quarter. Nothing daunted, Volcano followed close in his wake, seemingly in hand. Round they went two miles and a half, with a strong stroke, and a steady one. As they approached the last turn in the third mile, the interest of the spectators became intense, for these Volcano had reserved his runs in the two first heats. Not so in the present one: for not until he had compelled to enter it onto the last quarter was the whip and spurs applied. As they neared the judges' stand the space between the horses gradually lessened to a few feet—but it would not do. Rover's rider was wide awake. He pulled and [illegible] with great judgment [illegible] and won the heat in gallant style [illegible].

[illegible]—Rover again took the lead at his best pace, Volcano [illegible]. The red flag waved in triumph, and Rover carried off the purse. Time 6m. 18s. Volcano contended for each heat, and proved [illegible] to be found in g.

Third Day, two mile heats, won by Col. Bingaman's grey filly Margo W[illegible], beating Mr. Simon's filly Ann Bi[illegible], and Mr. [illegible] John Malet, in two heats. Time 3m. 57s—4m. 2s.

Fourth Day, a sweepstake for two year old colts, mile heats, $500 entrance, six entries, won by Messrs. Ford and Marks' bay colt Little Jack, beating Mr. Bell's bay filly, Mr. Fleming's ch filly Zephyr, and Mr. Chamber's Natchez Belle; three heats (first heat was won by Zephyr.)

Time, 2m.—2m. 1s.—2m. 1s. Track very heavy from rain during the night.

Same day, at four o'clock came off the match between Lady Adams by Virginian, aged, and Helen Mar by Sumpter, six years old, two miles out, for $2000 [illegible] to carry feather weights. Two to one on Helen. It was won easily by Lady Adams.—Time, 4m.—*Turf Register.*

Selection of Horses.—Mr. Editor,—It has been suggested to me, that the term *blood horse* is not properly understood, and that a common [illegible] that the word blood [illegible] only high spirits [illegible] every horse no matter what [illegible] young, high mettled and strong. Nothing can be more absurd, or indicative of greater ignorance on the part of those who profess an acquaintance with the perfect qualities of this noble quadruped.

A blood horse is one whose origin can be traced to the "Arab Steed," or "Barbary courser." To be of *pure* blood implies direct genealogy without the least collateral admixture, from an Arabian sire and a Barbary, or Arabian dam. There are no distinguishing attributes so perfectly characterised as those of the high bred or blood horse—and there is no animal, whether biped or quadruped, that so certainly perpetuates its ancestral virtues. The blood horse is the only legitimate aristocrat. His pretensions to rank are undisputed.

The common objection of our breeders to the blood horse is that their bones are small, they must consequently be deficient in power, as compared with the common [illegible]. I grant the appearance [illegible] sight, but the contrary is [illegible] tion. There is the same [illegible] of compactness and strength between the bones of the blood horse and those of all other races, excepting perhaps the hunter, as there is between white and red oak; the one being solid and the other porous—less surface is required to produce the same power, either of support, resistance or endurance.

I have said that the blood horse certainly perpetuates his excellent qualities. As a proof of this assertion [illegible] the 2nd number of the 1st volume of the Turf Register. About the year 1777 or '78 Gen. H. Lee of the cavalry, and his officers had their attention drawn to some uncommonly fine horses employed in the public service, of such superior form and appearance, that the above officers were led to make much enquiry respecting their history, and they proved [illegible] that Capt. Lindsey was [illegible] more particular inquiry [illegible] alry which had been [illegible] instructions [illegible] tion which had been given [illegible] was to purchase [illegible] sey succeeded in purchasing [illegible] inquiry, he [illegible] had been the [illegible] the Emperor of Morocco who presented him to the commander of a British [illegible] important services [illegible]. The [illegible] at one of the West India Islands [illegible] returned to England and [illegible] put on shore [illegible] in a lumber yard [illegible] the state he was [illegible] brought him to this country [illegible] putting him on a good [illegible] known [illegible] *Amer. Farmer.*

Musical Instruments, &c.

JUST RECEIVED from [illegible] cases of Musical Instruments, consisting of [illegible], and Patent Screws [illegible] Guitars with [illegible] Violins [illegible] Military Instruments [illegible] Horns, with [illegible] pets, Bass and Tenor [illegible] also a new and beautiful [illegible] Bandolore, with [illegible].

New Music for the Piano and Flute, Duetts for two flutes, Overtures for two Flutes, Operas for two Violins, [illegible] Viol, Guitar Music, Trios for Flutes, &c.

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C. C. CHRISTMAN, 398 Pearl-street.

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☞ *Agents or Others are allowed one paper [illegible] subscribers, or their [illegible] commission of 12 per cent when [illegible] Agents on [illegible]*

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WILLIAM T. PORTER & CO.
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FANCY BALL DRESS-MAKER
No. 36 BOWERY.
Costume of every Nation ready for Sale or Hire.

H. RAHN,
FASHIONABLE HAIR CUTTER,
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Marble.

H. CLINTON PAGE continues to supply orders for MARBLE WORK at his former stand, 132 Division street, New York, such as Gravestones, tombs, Cenotaphs, and Funeral Monuments of every description, executed to order with elegance and despatch.

N. B.—H. C. P. from his former practice for the Jew burying ground in Mount [illegible] will be able to execute inscriptions in the Hebrew letter with greater facility and in a style superior to any of the trade in the city. dec 10

A. COX, Jr.
STEAM SCOURER, 80 CEDAR STREET,
[illegible]

WHERE he respectfully informs his friends and the public he continues to *Dye, scour and repair Clothes* at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. New collars, cuffs and buttons neatly put on coats.

Orders punctually attended to in any part of the city. Cash given for cast clothes. j11

NOTICE.

ROBERT S. CASSAT & BENJAMIN HUTCHISON have associated themselves together, under the firm of *CASSAT & HUTCHISON*, for the purpose of transacting a general

Commission & Forwarding Business,

in this city. They have taken the warehouse No. [illegible] Market, a few doors from Water street, recently occupied by Messrs. Jones, Adams, jr. & Co. where they have now on hand, and intend constantly to keep a complete assortment of

Groceries,

together with all kinds of Pittsburgh Manufactures [illegible] which they offer for sale on the most liberal terms.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 6, 1832.

Commission and Exchange OFFICE,
130 BROADWAY.

S. J. SYLVESTER continues to discount Notes on all the Banks throughout the United States, the Canadas, England and Ireland. He purchases and sells Bank of England Notes, as also Gold and Silver of all kinds. Notes, Drafts, &c. payable in any part of the States or Europe, collected on most reasonable terms. Commission business in all its branches by

S. J. SYLVESTER.

New Book Establishment.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Western Merchants that he has recently opened a Book Store on an extensive plan in the city of Pittsburg, [illegible] and [illegible] arrangements as will enable him to sell at the lowest New York [illegible] prices and 25 per cent. cheaper than any house in the West or country.—Eastern *writing* paper and *Printing* [illegible] every variety.

[illegible] Rags in quantities taken in Exchange at the highest market price.

Orders directed to S. J. Sylvester, Pittsburg, Pa. will meet prompt attention.

S. J. SYLVESTER, N. Y.

N. B. All the [illegible] and American Periodicals can be obtained at the Pittsburgh Store.

TO PRINTERS & PUBLISHERS.

THE subscriber, TYPE AND STEREOTYPE FOUNDER, respectfully informs the TRADE, that he is now stereotyping the following valuable works, specimen pages of which will shortly be forwarded to them, with the prices of the stereotype plates affixed to each, and also the price of the copy-right of the Treasury of Knowledge.

The Treasury of Knowledge and Library of Reference, (on the plan of Maunder's Treasury of Knowledge,) containing—

A Comprehensive English Grammar, prepared for this work by Goold Brown, author of institutes of English Grammar, &c.

An English Dictionary, to which are prefixed English Verbal Distinctions, selected and illustrated by Lyman Cobb, author of the Spelling Book, School Dictionary, and Juvenile Reader.

A New Universal Gazetteer, derived from the latest authorities, with Population and other tables prepared by Edwin Williams, author of the New York Annual Register.

A Comprehensive Classical Dictionary, followed by proper Scripture Names accented.

A Chronological Analysis of General History.

A Dictionary of Law Terms, and various useful Addenda—by a gentleman of the New York Bar, Graduate of Columbia College.

Bagster's comprehensive Bible, (on a new type cut expressly for this work,) containing the Old and New Testaments according to the authorised version, with the various readings and marginal notes usually printed therewith. A general introduction, containing disquisitions on the genuineness, authenticity, and inspiration of the Holy Scriptures—various divisions and marks of distinctions in the Sacred Writings, ancient versions, coins, weights and measures—various sects among the Jews. Introduction and concluding remarks to each book. The parallel passages contained in Rev. T. Scott's commentary, 6 vols., Canne's Bible, Rev. J. Brown's Self-interpreting Bible, 2 vols. Dr. Adam Clark's Commentary, 7 vols. and the English version of Bagster's Polyglott Bible, systematically arranged in historical order—an analysis and compendium of the Holy Scriptures; a chronological Index, interspersed with synchronisms of the most [illegible] events in Profane History [illegible] jects contained in the Old and N[illegible] an Index to the Notes Introduc[illegible] cluding Remarks, [illegible].

The Domestic Bible, [illegible] (edition) 1 vol. 12 mo. [illegible] from the text of the corrected [illegible] and Mahlon, with a Life of the [illegible] Synopsis, D. D. and a Glossary [illegible].

JAMES CONNER, Franklin Buildings, corner of Ann and Nassau.

Bignall's Prize Office,
141 Broadway.

[illegible] All Foreign or New York prizes [illegible] BIGNALL'S Prize Office, 141 Broadway, where tickets in all licensed Lotteries are for sale on the most accommodating terms.

Orders from the country or elsewhere, enclosing the cash or prize tickets, will always meet with prompt attention, if addressed to D. BIGNALL.

To Printers and Publishers.

THE subscriber's expectations having been more than realized in the sale of his LIGHT FACE PRINTING TYPE, he takes this opportunity of returning thanks for the favours received. He hopes by the exertions made, and now making to bring out new articles, which may be depended upon, to deserve as well as in Stereotyping and Printing, that he has Type equal to [illegible] Brothers, and Publishers will find it beneficial to themselves to continue their patronage.

A new and complete series of Alphabets, from Agate to English, NEW STYLE, (heavier faced and stouter than any heretofore got up in this country) are now in a state of forwardness. Agate, Minion, Brevier, and Long Primer, are complete, impressions of which can be seen on application; this style of type is more particularly calculated for Newspaper Printing.

The demand for the subscriber's Type, and Stereotypes, has been so extensive, that he has been compelled to enlarge his establishment by an additional building—so that he is now prepared to execute more extensive orders in either line, with much greater facility than heretofore, and on as favourable terms, as to credit, &c. as are offered at similar establishments.

Type which has only been used in stereotyping, generally on hand, and can be furnished on short notice at a reasonable rate to those who may prefer it.

Every article made use of in the Printing line furnished to order, at manufacturer's prices.

JAMES CONNER.
Franklin Buildings, corner of Nassau & Ann.

S. J. Sylvester, 130 Broadway,

KNOWN as the everlastingly lucky would remind his friends and the public at large, that he is regularly licensed by the several states in which he has offices, to vend authorized lottery tickets, all of whom have the original—those persons purchasing of him, will be protected from fraud or imposition.

The general satisfaction Sylvester has hitherto given, and the liberal patronage he has received from all parts of the Union will but stimulate him in his exertions to merit the wishes of his friends, and by attention, punctuality, despatch, and the strictest honor, will assure him the continuance of their favors, he feels confident of obliging them and he proudly refers to the past as a guarantee for the future. All those who are not already acquainted with Sylvester can refer to the very first houses in every section of the country, also to the respectable managers, Messrs. Yates & McIntyre.

In another advertisement it will be seen that S. J. S. attends as usual to the exchange and commission business—letters will meet with the same attention as on personal application. Those who remit funds without naming any particular class, will have [illegible] in the first good scheme.

☞ Orders must be addressed in all cases to

S. J. SYLVESTER, 130 Broadway, N. York, Pittsburgh, Pa., Baltimore, Md., Paterson, N. J.

N. B. To save postage, those that request a certificate of the tickets will be sent and the same will be lodged in the Bank subject to the order of the purchaser. This mode of late has met with much success.

TO PRINTERS.
A. PELL & BROTHER.
[illegible]

HAVE removed their Type [illegible] Foundry to No. 26 Gold [illegible] John street, New York, and having got their premises are prepared to [illegible] with great despatch. All [illegible] Printers furnished to order at the prices. Chases, Composing Sticks constantly on hand.

They have complete series of Fonts [illegible] to Diamond, of a light face and beautiful [illegible] which they offer with great confidence, as being very superior articles. The following are their prices (uniform with other Founderies) at 6 months credit, or 7 1-2 per cent discount for cash.

	Per lb.
Six Line Pica and all larger,	28 cts.
Canon to Six Line Pica,	30
Double English to Double Paragon,	32
Great Primer to Double Pica,	34
English and Pica,	36
Long Primer,	38
Bourgeoise,	46
Brevier,	56
Minion,	70
Nonpareil,	90
Agate,	1 16
Pearl,	1 40
Diamond,	2 00

All other articles of the Type Foundry, in proportion.

☞ A. PELL & BROTHER cast their book and newspaper fonts of a metal much lighter than that commonly in use, and which they will warrant more durable.

A. P. & Brother Agents for the sale of the [illegible] Press, manufactured by R. Hoe & Co., also for the Washington Press, invented by Rust.

The following are the prices at 6 months credit:

Medium or Royal, $230. Super Royal, $240. Imperial, $250. 25 No. 2, $260. No. 3, $275.

New-York, Jan. 20th 1832.

DENTIST

Dr. S. BAKER & SONS,

SURGEON DENTISTS, 177 Broadway, a few doors from Courtlandt St. New York, respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen, that he continues to practice in all the various branches of his profession, from the setting of a single tooth to a full set of the best kind of teeth of every description. He also cleans, divides and fills hollow teeth, and extracts in the best and most careful manner. All teeth shall be set with the greatest care and ease to the patient, and his [illegible]. He also makes and has on hand the best of Tooth Powder at a reasonable price, and it is a decided fact, after a person has tried it at night, they [illegible] water at night, they are at liberty to return it, and receive their money. Care should be taken to advise people respecting their teeth, as many directly think that to have teeth is an [illegible] good, and not for the good of their teeth [illegible] this way, and by neglect of parents, thousands of young people's teeth begin to [illegible] before they know it.

We shall be happy to wait upon those ladies and gentlemen who desire our attendance at their respective dwellings.

New York, February 4, 1832.

Notice to Printers.

THE [illegible] having tested and established the superiority of my Machine Cast Type [illegible] I beg leave to call [illegible] following remarks—By the [illegible] applied at the instant of [illegible], the metal is compressed and [illegible] at the *letter end* of the type [illegible] by hand. The air in the mould, by the process, is driven from the letter [illegible] type, and finding no way of escape [illegible] being closed, it there occupies a part [illegible] in the mould, which otherwise would [illegible] hand casting be filled with metal. [illegible] cavities within the stems, by which [illegible] of the type is diminished 10 to 12 [illegible] cast by hand, yet leaving [illegible] type abundantly strong. My recent [illegible] the composition of type metal [illegible] gives a durable [illegible] process, not attainable [illegible] ordinary mode of casting. To my former [illegible] have recently been added a [illegible] *Type*.

Your [illegible] respectfully solicited by
Your obedient servant, E. WHITE,
No. 40 Pearl Street.

DENTIST.

Dr. I. Francis,

SURGEON DENTIST, 23 Chatham street, between Pearl and Oliver streets New York, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen, that he continues to practice in all the various branches of his profession, from the setting of a single tooth to a full set. He cleans, divides, and fills hollow teeth in the neatest manner, and warrants his [illegible] completely effectual in arresting the progress of the gums, fastening loose teeth, preventing [illegible] that are carious from further decay, and is a certain cure for the tooth ache. [illegible] *Mineral Incorruptible Teeth* [illegible] imitation of nature; and having passed the [illegible] making them, they do not absorb the saliva so as to become offensive, either to the [illegible] particle of food can adhere to them [illegible] sweet. The [illegible] utility, durability, polish, strength and beauty not surpassed by any. He also sets *Artificial Human Eyes* which cannot be distinguished from real, and will perform every motion [illegible] without giving the slightest pain. [illegible] to favor him with their [illegible] are moderate. The [illegible] from 7 to 8 o'clock, [illegible]. dec21

TEMPERANCE HOUSE OF REFRESHMENTS, AND READING ROOM.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks for the encouragement he has met with, since his commencement. He now informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken and newly fitted up the whole of the basement story in the FRANKLIN BUILDINGS, *corner of Ann and Nassau streets*, in a manner which enables him to accommodate any number, and hopes by his endeavours to give satisfaction to merit a continuance of their patronage. Refreshments of all kinds except spirituous intoxicating liquors from sun-rise to 10 o'clock in the evening.

H. PATTINSON.

N. B. Most of the city papers are received and kept on file. no 10, 1831

BRUCE'S NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY,

ESTABLISHED in 1813.—The subscriber has completed a new edition of his book of Specimens, [illegible] and other printers [illegible] from him, may be supplied [illegible] his Foundry, Nos. 18 and 20 [illegible] street, behind the City Hall. He would [illegible] information of those who have not been in the habit of dealing with him, and [illegible] practice has been extensively [illegible] that his book contains nothing but the actual productions of his own Foundry, and presents a true specimen of what will be furnished to orders. The assortment is very complete, [illegible] and carefully in twenty [illegible] present high state of perfection, and [illegible] variety of styles adapted to different tastes and to the various departments of printing, Newspaper, Book, and Job, highly finished, and cast of the most serviceable metal. Not to notice the varieties which are distinguished by their numbers in the Book, it contains of ROMAN and ITALICK, 27 sizes from 12 line Pica to Pearl.

TWO LINE and TITLE 15 sizes, Two-line Columbian to Agate.

SHADED, 13 sizes, Two-line Pica to Long Primer.

ITALIAN, 7 sizes, Seven-line Pica to Long Primer.

ANTIQUE, 17 sizes, Ten line Pica to Nonpareil.

BLACK, 12 sizes, Four line Pica to Minion.

OPEN BLACK, 5 sizes, Four-line Pica to Great Primer.

SCRIPT, 2 sizes, Double Small Pica and Great Primer.

[illegible] Back Slope, Ornamental Letters and [illegible] Pica Fractions, Superiors, Astronomical [illegible] Signs, Space Rules, Brass Rules, Ornamental Dashes, Long Braces, [illegible] Flowers, and 1000 Cuts and Ornaments for School Books, Newspapers, and Scientific works.

Orders for any of these, and also for Presses, Chases, Composing Sticks, Cases, Furniture, Printing Ink, or any thing required in the Printing business, will be executed on the most favourable terms, and with the utmost promptitude, a large stock of the Foundry articles being always on hand.

GEORGE BRUCE.

New York, Jan. 28, 1832.

[illegible]

BY WILLIAM T. PORTER & CO.
CHATHAM-SQUARE.

[illegible] DAILY SENTINEL.

[illegible]	$3.00
[illegible]	4.00
[illegible]	5.00
[illegible]	1.00
[illegible]	$20.00
[illegible]	75
[illegible]	25
[illegible]	18

[illegible] half yearly.

A Sporting Paper; devoted to the Turf, the Ring, [illegible]

BY WILLIAM T. PORTER & CO.
OFFICE, CHATHAM-SQUARE, CORNER OF MOTT-STREET.

NEW-YORK.

Saturday Morning, April 28, 1832.

EPICURIANISM.

We bless our stars that a knowledge of the art of cookery does not constitute any part of our acquirements. We are so thoroughly convinced *a priori* of the disgusting character of its secrets, and the impurity of its details, that we are quite sure a more intimate acquaintance with them would have embittered our existence, and have destroyed forever the usual healthy tone of our stomach. We make it a point therefore, uniformly, to lull our suspicions, and to discuss any savoury dish that may be placed before us, without asking any question about its ingredients. It is really much more agreeable to be allowed to mistake a stewed cat for a rabbit, than to be made *post factum*, accessaries to the deception. When we have finished our sallad, we are by no means anxious to receive any proof, however clear, that it was seasoned with a preparation of Whale's blubber instead of Florence oil, and we should consider ourself under a very trifling obligation to any "devilish good natured friend" who should take the trouble of demonstrating that the tongue, which gives so pleasant a relish to our breakfast, had been recently abstracted from the jaws of some distempered poodle. Misfortunes of this kind, it is impossible for human sagacity to prevent while they are perhaps too grievous for human patience to bear. Our best refuge, therefore, is our ignorance, and when that alone constitutes our happiness, surely we must agree with the poet, that it is folly to be wise.

The very perusal of the letter below, independent of the melancholy catastrophe with which it closes, is enough to throw any man into the blue devils for a fortnight.

My dear Mr. Porter,—I much fear this is the last letter you will ever receive from your old friend. "I am wearing away, boy, to the land o' the leal!" and that, too, under the influence of a complication of disorders, which have been undermining my constitution (originally a sound one) for upwards of half a century. Look to yourself, my much respected lad, and think no more of your rheumatism. That, believe me, is a mere trifle—but think of what you have been doing, since 18—, (in that year were you born,) in the eating and drinking w[illegible] tremble. I know, my dear Bill, that you [illegible] were a gormandizer, not a sot; neither su[illegible] was I; but it matters not,—the most abstemious of us all have gone through fearful trials, and I have not skill in figures to cast up the poisonous contents of my hapless stomach for nearly three score years. You would not know me now. I had not the slightest suspicion of myself in the looking-glass this morning. Such a face! so wan and wo-begone! No such person drew Priam's curtain in the dead of night, or could have told him half his Troy was burned.

Well—hear me come to the point. I remember now perfectly well that I have been out of sorts all my life-time; and the causes of my continual illness have this day been revealed to me. May my melancholy fate be a warning to you, and all your dear contributors, a set of men whom the world could ill spare at this crisis. Mr. Editor, *I have been poisoned!*

You must know that I became personally acquainted, a few weeks ago, quite accidentally, with that distinguished Chemist and Lecturer so well known in our metropolis. He volunteered a visit to me at breakfast, last Thursday, and I accepted him. Just as I had poured out the first cup of tea, and was extending it graciously towards him, he looked at me, and with a low, hoarse, husky voice, like Mr. Farren's in the Apothecary, asked me if I were not excessively ill? I had not had the least suspicion of being so—but there was a terrible something in the Doctor's face which told me I was a dead woman. I immediately got up—to ring the bell for a clergyman but I fainted away. On awaking from my swoon I beheld the chemist still staring with his fearful eyes, and croaking out, half in soliloquy, half in *tete-a-tete*, "There is not a life in New-York worth ten year's purchase." I implored him to speak plainly, and for God's sake not to look at me so piteously,—and plainly enough he did then speak to be sure, "*Miss Spinster, you are poisoned!*"

"Who," cried I out convulsively, "who has perpetrated the foul deed! On whose guilty head will lie my innocent blood? Has it been from motives of private revenge? Speak, Mr. —— speak! Have you any proofs of a conspiracy?" "Yes, Madam, I have proofs, damning proofs. Your wine-merchant, your brewer, your baker, your confectioner, your grocer, aye, your very butcher are in league against you; and, Miss Spinster, *you are poisoned!*" "When, oh! when was the fatal dose administered? Would an emetic be of no avail? Could you not administer a ——?" But here my voice was choked, and nothing was audible, Mr. Porter, but the sighs and sobs of your poor Spinster.

At last I became more composed, and Mr. —— asked me what was, in general, the first thing I did on rising from my bed in the morning. Alas! I felt that there was no time for delicacy, and I told him at once, that it was to take off a bumper of brandy for a complaint in my stomach. He asked to look at the bottle. I brought it forth from the press—that tall, square, tower like bottle, Mr. Porter, so green to the eye and smooth to the grasp. You know the bottle well, it belonged to my mother before me. He put it to his nose—he poured out a driblet into a tea spoon as cautiously as if it had been Prussic acid; he tasted it, and again repeated these terrible words, "*Miss Spinster, you are poisoned!*" "It has," he continued, "a peculiarly disagreeable smell, like the breath of habitual drunkards." Oh, thought I, has it come to this! The smell ever seemed to my unsuspecting soul most fragrant and delicious! The doctor then told me, that the liquor I had been innocently drinking every morn for thirty years was not brandy at all, but a vile distillation of West-India molasses, over wine-lees, rectified over quick lime, and mixed with saw-dust. And thus a sad, solitary, unsuspecting maiden has been imbibing as brandy for so many years! A gleam of comfort now shot across my brain. I told Mr. —— that I had, during my whole life, been in the habit of taking a smallish glass of Hollands before going to bed, which I fain hoped might have the effect of counteracting the bad effects of the forgery that had been committed against me. I produced the bottle—the white globular one, you know. Mr. —— tried and tasted, and alas! instead of Hollands, he pronounced it vile malt spirit, fined by a solution of sub-acetate of lead, and then a solution of alum, and strengthened with grains of Paradise, Guinea pepper, capsicum, and other acrid and aromatic substances. These are learned words—but they made a terrible impression on my memory. The Dr. is a most amiable man, I well believe—but he is a stranger to pity. "*Miss Spinster, you have been poisoned!*" was all he would utter. Had the Brandy and Hollands been genuine there would have been no harm—but they were *[illegible]*, and "*you are poisoned!*"

Feeling myself very faint, I asked, naturally enough, for a woman in my situation, for a glass of wine. It was brought—but the Dr. was at hand to snatch the deadly draught from my lips. He tasted what used to be called my genuine old Port,

And in the scowl of Heaven his face
Grew black as he was sipping.

"It is spoiled elder-wine, rendered astringent by oak wood, saw dust, and the husks of filberts, lead and arsenic, madam, [illegible]"—but my ears tingled and I heard no more. I confess to the amount of six glasses a day of this hellish liquor—pardon my warmth—and that such had been my allowance for many years. My thirst was now intolerable, and I beseeched a glass of beer. It came, and the Doctor detected at once the murderous designs of the brewer. Cocculus indicus, Spanish juice, hartshorn shavings, copperas, opium, tobacco, nux vomica, such were the shocking words he kept repeating to himself, and then again, "*Miss Spinster*, [illegible]"

"May I not have a single cup of tea," I [illegible] imploringly, and the chemist shook his head. He then opened the tea-caddy, and emptying its contents, rubbed my best green tea between his hard horny palms, "Sloe leaves, madam, colored with Dutch pink, and with the fine green bloom of verdigris! Much, in the course of your regular life, you must have swallowed!" "Might I try the coffee?" Oh! Mr. Porter, Mr. Porter, you know my age, and never once during my whole existence have I tasted coffee. I have been doubled by peas and beans, sand, gravel, and vegetable powders. The Doctor called it sham coffee, most infamous stuff, and unfit for human food! Alas! the day that I was born! In despair I asked for a glass of water, and just as the sparkling beverage was about to touch my pale quivering lips, my friend, for I must call him so in spite of every thing, interfered, and tasting it, spurted it out of his mouth, with a most alarming countenance. "It comes out of a lead cistern—it is a deadly poison!" Here I threw myself on my knees before this inexorable man, and cried, "Doctor, doctor, is there in heaven, on earth, or the waters under the earth, any one particle of matter that is not impregnated with death? What means this desperate mockery! For mercy's sake give me the very smallest piece of bread and cheese, or I can support myself no longer. Are we or are we not to have a morsel of breakfast this day?" He cut off about an inch long piece of that identical cheese that you yourself chose for me, and declared that it had been rendered most poisonous by the material used to color it. "There is here, Miss Spinster, a quantity of red lead. Have you, madam, never experienced, after devouring half a pound of this cheese, an indescribable pain in the region of the abdomen and of the stomach, accompanied with a feeling of tension which occasioned much restlessness, anxiety, and repugnance to food? Have you never felt after a Welsh rabbit of it, a very violent cholic?" "Yes, yes—often, often," I exclaimed. "And did you use pepper and mustard?" "I did even so." "Let me see the castors." I rose from my knees and brought them out. He poured out a little pepper into the palm of his hand, and went on as usual. "this, madam is spurious pepper altogether—it is made up of oil-cakes (the residue of linseed, from which the oil has been pressed) common clay, and perhaps a small portion of Cayenne pepper (itself probably artificial or adulterated) to make it pungent. But now for the mustard!" at this juncture the servant maid came in, and I told her that I was poisoned. She set up a prodigious scream, and the Doctor let fall the mustard pot on the carpet. But it is needless for me to prolong the shocking narrative. They assisted me to get into bed, from which I never expect more to rise. My eyes have been opened and I see the horror of my situation. I now remember the most excruciating cholics, and divers other pangs, which I thought nothing of at the time, but which must have been the effect of the deleteri-